

February 22, 2008



DIGEST OF HB 1359 (Updated February 21, 2008 3:02 pm - DI 101)

**Citations Affected:** IC 4-22; IC 5-10.3; IC 5-10.4; IC 24-4.5; IC 24-7; IC 28-1; IC 28-2; IC 28-5; IC 28-6.2; IC 28-7; IC 28-8; IC 28-10; IC 28-11; IC 28-13.

Synopsis: Various financial institutions matters. Makes various changes to the laws concerning: (1) financial institutions; and (2) persons licensed under the Uniform Consumer Credit Code. Repeals certain provisions concerning the regulation of money transmitters.

Effective: July 1, 2008.

## Bardon, Burton, Ripley, Summers

(SENATE SPONSORS — PAUL, SIMPSON)

January 16, 2008, read first time and referred to Committee on Financial Institutions. January 24, 2008, amended, reported — Do Pass. January 28, 2008, read second time, amended, ordered engrossed. January 29, 2008, engrossed. January 30, 2008, read third time, passed. Yeas 94, nays 0.

SENATE ACTION

February 5, 2008, read first time and referred to Committee on Insurance and Financial

Institutions.
February 18, 2008, amended, reported favorably — Do Pass.
February 21, 2008, read second time, amended, ordered engrossed.











Second Regular Session 115th General Assembly (2008)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or *this style type* reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2007 Regular Session of the General Assembly.

## ENGROSSED HOUSE BILL No. 1359

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning financial institutions.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

SECTION 1. IC 4-22-2-37.1, AS AMENDED BY HEA 1137-2008
SECTION 1.1C 4-22-2-37.1, AS AMENDED BY HEA 1137-2008
SECTION 9, AS AMENDED BY SEA 156-2008, SECTION 1, AND
AS AMENDED BY SEA 190-2008, SECTION 17, IS CORRECTED
AND AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1
2008]: Sec. 37.1. (a) This section applies to a rulemaking action
resulting in any of the following rules:

- (1) An order adopted by the commissioner of the Indiana department of transportation under IC 9-20-1-3(d) or IC 9-21-4-7(a) and designated by the commissioner as an emergency rule.
- (2) An action taken by the director of the department of natural resources under IC 14-22-2-6(d) or IC 14-22-6-13.
- (3) An emergency temporary standard adopted by the occupational safety standards commission under IC 22-8-1.1-16.1.
- (4) An emergency rule adopted by the solid waste management board under IC 13-22-2-3 and classifying a waste as hazardous.

EH 1359—LS 7015/DI 101+



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1	(5) A rule, other than a rule described in subdivision (6), adopted
2	by the department of financial institutions under IC 24-4.5-6-107
3	and declared necessary to meet an emergency.
4	(6) A rule required under IC 24-4.5-1-106 that is adopted by the
5	department of financial institutions and declared necessary to
6	meet an emergency under IC 24-4.5-6-107.
7	(7) A rule adopted by the Indiana utility regulatory commission to
8	address an emergency under IC 8-1-2-113.
9	(8) An emergency rule adopted by the state lottery commission
10	under IC 4-30-3-9.
11	(9) A rule adopted under IC 16-19-3-5 or IC 16-41-2-1 that the
12	executive board of the state department of health declares is
13	necessary to meet an emergency.
14 15	(10) An emergency rule adopted by the Indiana finance authority under IC 8-21-12.
16	(11) An emergency rule adopted by the insurance commissioner
17	under IC 27-1-23-7.
18	(12) An emergency rule adopted by the Indiana horse racing
19	commission under IC 4-31-3-9.
20	(13) An emergency rule adopted by the air pollution control
21	board, the solid waste management board, or the water pollution
22	control board under IC 13-15-4-10(4) or to comply with a
23	deadline required by or other date provided by federal law,
24	provided:
25	(A) the variance procedures are included in the rules; and
26	(B) permits or licenses granted during the period the
27	emergency rule is in effect are reviewed after the emergency
28	rule expires.
29	(14) An emergency rule adopted by the Indiana election
30	commission under IC 3-6-4.1-14.
31	(15) An emergency rule adopted by the department of natural
32	resources under IC 14-10-2-5.
33	(16) An emergency rule adopted by the Indiana gaming
34	commission under IC 4-32.2-3-3(b), IC 4-33-4-2, IC 4-33-4-3, or
35	IC 4-33-4-14, or IC 4-35-4-2.
36	(17) An emergency rule adopted by the alcohol and tobacco
37	commission under IC 7.1-3-17.5, IC 7.1-3-17.7, or
38	IC 7.1-3-20-24.4.
39	(18) An emergency rule adopted by the department of financial
40	institutions under IC 28-15-11.
41	(19) An emergency rule adopted by the office of the secretary of
42	family and social services under IC 12-8-1-12.



1	(20) An emergency rule adopted by the office of the children's
2	health insurance program under IC 12-17.6-2-11.
3	(21) An emergency rule adopted by the office of Medicaid policy
4	and planning under IC 12-15-41-15. or IC 12-15-44-19(b).
5	(22) An emergency rule adopted by the Indiana state board of
6	animal health under <del>IC 15-2.1-18-21.</del> IC 15-17-10-9.
7	(23) An emergency rule adopted by the board of directors of the
8	Indiana education savings authority under IC 21-9-4-7.
9	(24) An emergency rule adopted by the Indiana board of tax
10	review under IC 6-1.1-4-34 (repealed).
11	(25) An emergency rule adopted by the department of local
12	government finance under IC 6-1.1-4-33 (repealed).
13	(26) An emergency rule adopted by the boiler and pressure vessel
14	rules board under IC 22-13-2-8(c).
15	(27) An emergency rule adopted by the Indiana board of tax
16	review under IC 6-1.1-4-37(l) (repealed) or an emergency rule
17	adopted by the department of local government finance under
18	IC 6-1.1-4-36(j) (repealed) or IC 6-1.1-22.5-20.
19	(28) An emergency rule adopted by the board of the Indiana
20	economic development corporation under IC 5-28-5-8.
21	(29) A rule adopted by the department of financial institutions
22	under IC 34-55-10-2.5.
23	(30) A rule adopted by the Indiana finance authority:
24	(A) under IC 8-15.5-7 approving user fees (as defined in
25	IC 8-15.5-2-10) provided for in a public-private agreement
26	under IC 8-15.5;
27	(B) under IC 8-15-2-17.2(a)(10):
28	(i) establishing enforcement procedures; and
29	(ii) making assessments for failure to pay required tolls;
30	(C) under IC 8-15-2-14(a)(3) authorizing the use of and
31	establishing procedures for the implementation of the
32	collection of user fees by electronic or other nonmanual
33	means; or
34	(D) to make other changes to existing rules related to a toll
35	road project to accommodate the provisions of a public-private
36	agreement under IC 8-15.5.
37	(31) An emergency rule adopted by the board of the Indiana
38	health informatics corporation under IC 5-31-5-8.
39	(b) The following do not apply to rules described in subsection (a):
40	(1) Sections 24 through 36 of this chapter.
41	(2) IC 13-14-9.
42	(c) After a rule described in subsection (a) has been adopted by the



agency, the agency shall submit the rule to the publisher for the
assignment of a document control number. The agency shall submit the
rule in the form required by section 20 of this chapter and with the
documents required by section 21 of this chapter. The publisher shall
determine the format of the rule and other documents to be submitted
under this subsection.

- (d) After the document control number has been assigned, the agency shall submit the rule to the publisher for filing. The agency shall submit the rule in the form required by section 20 of this chapter and with the documents required by section 21 of this chapter. The publisher shall determine the format of the rule and other documents to be submitted under this subsection.
  - (e) Subject to section 39 of this chapter, the publisher shall:
    - (1) accept the rule for filing; and
    - (2) electronically record the date and time that the rule is accepted.
- (f) A rule described in subsection (a) takes effect on the latest of the following dates:
  - (1) The effective date of the statute delegating authority to the agency to adopt the rule.
  - (2) The date and time that the rule is accepted for filing under subsection (e).
  - (3) The effective date stated by the adopting agency in the rule.
  - (4) The date of compliance with every requirement established by law as a prerequisite to the adoption or effectiveness of the rule.
- (g) Subject to subsection (h), IC 14-10-2-5, IC 14-22-2-6, IC 22-8-1.1-16.1, and IC 22-13-2-8(c), and except as provided in subsections (j), (k), and (l), a rule adopted under this section expires not later than ninety (90) days after the rule is accepted for filing under subsection (e). Except for a rule adopted under subsection (a)(13), (a)(24), (a)(25), or (a)(27), the rule may be extended by adopting another rule under this section, but only for one (1) extension period. The extension period for a rule adopted under subsection (a)(28) may not exceed the period for which the original rule was in effect. A rule adopted under subsection (a)(13) may be extended for two (2) extension periods. Subject to subsection (j), a rule adopted under subsection (a)(24), (a)(25), or (a)(27) may be extended for an unlimited number of extension periods. Except for a rule adopted under subsection (a)(13), for a rule adopted under this section to be effective after one (1) extension period, the rule must be adopted under:
  - (1) sections 24 through 36 of this chapter; or
  - (2) IC 13-14-9;







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1	as applicable.
2	(h) A rule described in subsection $(a)(6)$ , $(a)(8)$ , $(a)(12)$ , or $(a)(29)$
3	expires on the earlier of the following dates:
4	(1) The expiration date stated by the adopting agency in the rule.
5	(2) The date that the rule is amended or repealed by a later rule
6	adopted under sections 24 through 36 of this chapter or this
7	section.
8	(i) This section may not be used to readopt a rule under IC 4-22-2.5.
9	(j) A rule described in subsection (a)(24) or (a)(25) expires not later
10	than January 1, 2006.
11	(k) A rule described in subsection (a)(28) expires on the expiration
12	date stated by the board of the Indiana economic development
13	corporation in the rule.
14	(1) A rule described in subsection (a)(30) expires on the expiration
15	date stated by the Indiana finance authority in the rule.
16	(m) A rule described in subsection (a)(5) or (a)(6) expires on the
17	date the department is next required to issue a rule under the
18	statute authorizing or requiring the rule.
19	SECTION 2. IC 5-10.3-5-5 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
20	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 5. (a) The custodians
21	must be banks or trust companies that are domiciled in the United
22	States and approved by the Indiana department of financial institutions
23	under IC 28-1-2-39 board to:
24	(1) act in a fiduciary capacity; and
25	(2) manage custodial accounts;
26	in Indiana. on behalf of the fund.
27	(b) The board is authorized to accept safekeeping receipts for
28	securities held by the custodians. Each custodian must have a
29	combined capital and surplus of at least ten million dollars
30	(\$10,000,000) according to the last published report of condition for
31	the bank or trust company and have physical custody of such securities.
32	The state board of accounts is authorized to rely on safekeeping
33	receipts from the custodian. The custodian may be authorized by the
34	agreement to:
35	(1) hold securities and other investments in the name of the fund,
36	in the name of a nominee of the custodian, or in bearer form;
37	(2) collect and receive income, interest, proceeds of sale,
38	maturities, redemptions, and all other receipts from the securities
39	and other investments;
40	(3) deposit all the receipts collected and received under
41	subdivision (2) in a custodian account or checking account as



instructed by the board;

1	(4) reinvest the receipts collected and received under subdivision	
2	(2) as directed by the board;	
3	(5) maintain accounting records and prepare reports which are	
4	required by the board and the state board of accounts; and	
5	(6) perform other services for the board as are customary and	
6	appropriate for custodians.	
7	(c) The custodian is responsible for all securities held in the name	
8	of its nominee for the fund.	
9	SECTION 3. IC 5-10.4-3-13, AS ADDED BY P.L.2-2006,	4
10	SECTION 28, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE	
11	JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 13. (a) The board may enter into a custodial	
12	agreement on terms the board considers in the best interest of the fund	
13	with a bank or trust company that is domiciled in the United States and	
14	approved by the Indiana department of financial institutions under	
15	<del>IC 28-1-2-39</del> <b>board</b> to:	
16	(1) act in a fiduciary capacity; and	
17	(2) manage custodial accounts;	
18	in Indiana. on behalf of the fund.	
19	(b) The agreement described in subsection (a) may authorize the	
20	custodian to:	
21	(1) hold the fund's securities and other investments in the name of	
22	the fund or a nominee, or in bearer form;	
23	(2) collect the income and other receipts from the securities and	
24	other investments and deposit them subject to the instructions of	_
25	the board or the board's representative;	
26	(3) reinvest the receipts on the direction of the board or the	_
27	board's representative;	
28	(4) maintain accounting records and prepare reports as may be	
29	required for use by the fund and the state board of accounts; and	
30	(5) perform other services for the board that are appropriate and	
31	customary for the custodian.	
32	(c) The custodian is responsible for all securities held in the name	
33	of its nominee for the fund.	
34	SECTION 4. IC 24-4.5-1-102, AS AMENDED BY P.L.217-2007,	
35	SECTION 4, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE	
36	JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 102. Purposes; Rules of Construction—(1) This	
37	article shall be liberally construed and applied to promote its	
38	underlying purposes and policies.	
39	(2) The underlying purposes and policies of this article are:	
40	(a) to simplify, clarify, and modernize the law governing retail	
41	installment sales, consumer credit, small loans, and usury;	
42	(b) to provide rate ceilings to assure an adequate supply of credit	



1	to consumers;
2	(c) to further consumer understanding of the terms of credit
3	transactions and to foster competition among suppliers of
4	consumer credit so that consumers may obtain credit at
5	reasonable cost;
6	(d) to protect consumer buyers, lessees, and borrowers against
7	unfair practices by some suppliers of consumer credit, having due
8	regard for the interests of legitimate and scrupulous creditors;
9	(e) to permit and encourage the development of fair and
10	economically sound consumer credit practices;
11	(f) to conform the regulation of consumer credit transactions to
12	the policies of the Federal Consumer Credit Protection Act; and
13	(g) to make uniform the law including administrative rules among
14	the various jurisdictions.
15	(3) A reference to a requirement imposed by this article includes
16	reference to a related rule of the department adopted pursuant to this
17	article.
18	(4) A reference to a federal law in IC 24-4.5 is a reference to the law
19	in effect December 31, <del>2006.</del> <b>2007.</b>
20	(5) This article applies to a transaction if the director
21	determines that the transaction:
22	(a) is in substance a disguised consumer credit transaction; or
23	(b) involves the application of subterfuge for the purpose of
24	avoiding this article.
25	A determination by the director under this paragraph must be in
26	writing and shall be delivered to all parties to the transaction.
27	IC 4-21.5-3 applies to a determination made under this paragraph.
28	SECTION 5. IC 24-4.5-1-201, AS AMENDED BY P.L.217-2007,
29	SECTION 5, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
30	JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 201. (1) Except as otherwise provided in this
31	section, this article applies to sales, leases, and loans made in this state
32	and to modifications, including refinancings, consolidations, and
33	deferrals, made in this state, of sales, leases, and loans, wherever made.
34	For purposes of this article, the following apply:
35	(a) A sale or modification of a sale agreement is made in this state
36	if the buyer's agreement or offer to purchase or to modify is
37	received by the seller or a person acting on behalf of the seller in
38	this state.
39	(b) A lease or modification of a lease agreement is made in this
40	state if the lessee's agreement or offer to lease or to modify is
41	received by the lessor or a person acting on behalf of the lessor in

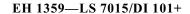


this state.

(c) A loan or modification of a loan agreement is made in this state if a writing signed by the debtor and evidencing the debt is
received by the lender or a person acting on behalf of the lender in this state.
(d) Except as provided in subdivision (e), a sale, lease, or loan
transaction occurs in Indiana if a consumer who is a resident of
Indiana enters into a consumer sale, lease, or loan transaction with
a creditor or a person acting on behalf of the creditor in
another state and the creditor or the person acting on behalf of
the creditor has advertised or solicited sales, leases, or loans in
Indiana by any means, including by mail, brochure, telephone,
print, radio, television, the Internet, or electronic means.
However, during the period beginning July 1, 2007, and ending
June 30, 2009, this subdivision does not apply to an affiliate or a
subsidiary of a financial corporation issued a certificate of
authority to operate as an industrial loan and investment company
under IC 28-5 if all of the following apply:
(i) The industrial loan and investment company notifies the
department in writing that an affiliate or a subsidiary of the
industrial loan and investment company engages or plans to
engage in activity involving Indiana residents at an out of state
location. The notification required by this clause must list all
states other than Indiana in which consumer loans may be
made and must describe the nature of the proposed
transactions.
(ii) The industrial loan and investment company provides
written consent allowing the department to consult with and
review information provided by other state regulators, as may
be requested by the department, concerning the activities
identified in clause (i) of any affiliate or subsidiary engaging
in consumer lending to Indiana residents in the states
identified under clause (i).
(iii) The industrial loan and investment company provides
written consent allowing the department to inspect or examine
all out of state locations in which an affiliate or a subsidiary of
the industrial loan and investment company engages in the
activities identified under clause (i) for the purpose of
investigating the affiliate's or subsidiary's consumer lending

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under IC 28-11-3-5.

practices involving Indiana residents. An inspection or examination performed by the department under this clause is

subject to the schedule of fees established by the department



(e) A sale, lease, or loan transaction does not occur in Indiana if a consumer who is a resident of Indiana enters into a consumer sale, lease, or loan transaction secured by an interest in land located outside Indiana.

For purposes of subdivisions (a) through (c), an offer is received by a creditor or a person acting on behalf of the creditor in Indiana if the offer is physically delivered, or otherwise transmitted or communicated, to a person who has actual or apparent authority to act for the creditor or the person acting on behalf of the creditor in Indiana, regardless of whether approval, acceptance, or ratification by any other agent or representative of the creditor or the person acting on behalf of the creditor in another state is necessary to give legal consequence to the consumer credit transaction.

- (2) IC 24-4.5-5-101 through IC 24-4.5-5-108 apply to actions or other proceedings brought in this state to enforce rights arising from consumer credit sales, consumer leases, or consumer loans, or extortionate extensions of credit, wherever made.
- (3) Except as provided in subsection (2), a sale, lease, loan, or modification thereof, made in another state to a person who was not a resident of this state when the sale, lease, loan, or modification was made is valid and enforceable in this state according to its terms to the extent that it is valid and enforceable under the laws of the state applicable to the transaction.
- (4) For the purposes of this article, the residence of a buyer, lessee, or debtor is the address given by the buyer, lessee, or debtor as the buyer's, lessee's, or debtor's residence in any writing or electronic communication made by the buyer, lessee, or debtor in connection with a credit transaction. Until the buyer, lessee, or debtor notifies the creditor or the person acting on behalf of the creditor of a new or different address, the given address is presumed to be unchanged.
  - (5) Notwithstanding other provisions of this section:
    - (a) except as provided in subsection (2), this article does not apply if the buyer, lessee, or debtor is not a resident of this state at the time of a credit transaction and the parties then agree that the law of the buyer's, lessee's, or debtor's residence applies; and
    - (b) this article applies if the buyer, lessee, or debtor is a resident of this state at the time of a credit transaction and the parties then agree that the law of this state applies.
- (6) Except as provided in subsection (5), the following agreements by a buyer, lessee, or debtor are invalid with respect to consumer credit sales, consumer leases, consumer loans, or modifications thereof, to which this article applies:



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1	(a) that the law of another state shall apply;
2	(b) that the buyer, lessee, or debtor consents to the jurisdiction of
3	another state; and
4	(c) that fixes venue.
5	(7) The following provisions of this article specify the applicable
6	law governing certain cases:
7	(a) applicability (IC 24-4.5-6-102) of the provisions on powers
8	and functions of the department; and
9	(b) applicability (IC 24-4.5-6-201) of the provisions on
10	notification and fees.
11	(8) If a creditor or a person acting on behalf of the creditor has
12	violated the provisions of this article that apply to the authority to make
13	consumer loans (IC 24-4.5-3-502), the loan is void and the debtor is not
14	obligated to pay either the principal or loan finance charge, as set forth
15	in IC 24-4.5-5-202.
16	SECTION 6. IC 24-4.5-1-301, AS AMENDED BY P.L.57-2006,
17	SECTION 3, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
18	JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 301. General Definitions – In addition to
19	definitions appearing in subsequent chapters in this article:
20	(1) "Agreement" means the bargain of the parties in fact as found in
21	their language or by implication from other circumstances, including
22	course of dealing or usage of trade or course of performance.
23	(2) "Agricultural purpose" means a purpose related to the
24	production, harvest, exhibition, marketing, transportation, processing,
25	or manufacture of agricultural products by a natural person who
26	cultivates, plants, propagates, or nurtures the agricultural products;
27	"Agricultural products" includes agricultural, horticultural, viticultural,
28	and dairy products, livestock, wildlife, poultry, bees, forest products,
29	fish and shellfish, and any and all products raised or produced on farms
30	and any processed or manufactured products thereof.
31	(3) "Average daily balance" means the sum of each of the daily
32	balances in a billing cycle divided by the number of days in the billing
33	cycle, and if the billing cycle is a month, the creditor may elect to treat
34	the number of days in each billing cycle as thirty (30).
35	(4) "Closing costs" with respect to a debt secured by an interest in
36	land includes:
37	(a) fees or premiums for title examination, title insurance, or
38	similar purposes, including surveys;
39	(b) fees for preparation of a deed, settlement statement, or other
40	documents;
41	(c) escrows for future payments of taxes and insurance;
42	(d) fees for notarizing deeds and other documents;



1	(e) appraisal fees; and
2	(f) credit reports.
3	(5) "Conspicuous": A term or clause is conspicuous when it is so
4	written that a reasonable person against whom it is to operate ought to
5	have noticed it.
6	(6) "Consumer credit" means credit offered or extended to a
7	consumer primarily for a personal, family, or household purpose.
8	(7) "Credit" means the right granted by a creditor to a debtor to
9	defer payment of debt or to incur debt and defer its payment.
10	(8) "Creditor" means a person:
11	(a) who regularly engages in the extension of consumer credit that
12	is subject to a credit service charge or loan finance charge, as
13	applicable, or is payable by written agreement in more than
14	four (4) installments (not including a down payment); and
15	(b) to whom the obligation is initially payable, either on the face
16	of the note or contract, or by agreement when there is not a note
17	or contract.
18	(9) "Earnings" means compensation paid or payable for personal
19	services, whether denominated as wages, salary, commission, bonus,
20	or otherwise, and includes periodic payments under a pension or
21	retirement program.
22	(10) "Lender credit card or similar arrangement" means an
23	arrangement or loan agreement, other than a seller credit card, pursuant
24	to which a lender gives a debtor the privilege of using a credit card,
25	letter of credit, or other credit confirmation or identification in
26	transactions out of which debt arises:
27	(a) by the lender's honoring a draft or similar order for the
28	payment of money drawn or accepted by the debtor;
29	(b) by the lender's payment or agreement to pay the debtor's
30	obligations; or
31	(c) by the lender's purchase from the obligee of the debtor's
32	obligations.
33	(11) "Official fees" means:
34	(a) fees and charges prescribed by law which actually are or will
35	be paid to public officials for determining the existence of or for
36	perfecting, releasing, or satisfying a security interest related to a
37	consumer credit sale, consumer lease, or consumer loan; or
38	(b) premiums payable for insurance in lieu of perfecting a security
39	interest otherwise required by the creditor in connection with the
40	sale, lease, or loan, if the premium does not exceed the fees and
41	charges described in paragraph (a) which would otherwise be



payable.

1	(12) "Organization" means a corporation, a government or
2	governmental subdivision, or an agency, a trust, an estate, a
3	partnership, a limited liability company, a cooperative, or an
4	association, a joint venture, an unincorporated organization, or any
5	other entity, however organized.
6	(13) "Payable in installments" means that payment is required or
7	permitted by written agreement to be made in more than four (4)
8	installments not including a down payment.
9	(14) "Person" includes a natural person or an individual, and or an
10	organization.
11	(15) "Person related to" with respect to an individual means:
12	(a) the spouse of the individual;
13	(b) a brother, brother-in-law, sister, sister-in-law of the individual;
14	(c) an ancestor or lineal descendants of the individual or the
15	individual's spouse; and
16	(d) any other relative, by blood or marriage, of the individual or
17	the individual's spouse who shares the same home with the
18	individual.
19	"Person related to" with respect to an organization means:
20	(a) a person directly or indirectly controlling, controlled by, or
21	under common control with the organization;
22	(b) an officer or director of the organization or a person
23	performing similar functions with respect to the organization or
24	to a person related to the organization;
25	(c) the spouse of a person related to the organization; and
26	(d) a relative by blood or marriage of a person related to the
27	organization who shares the same home with the person.
28	(16) "Presumed" or "presumption" means that the trier of fact must
29	find the existence of the fact presumed unless and until evidence is
30	introduced which would support a finding of its nonexistence.
31	(17) "Mortgage transaction" means a transaction in which a first
32	mortgage or a land contract which constitutes a first lien is created or
33	retained against land.
34	(18) "Regularly engaged" means a person who extends consumer
35	credit more than:
36	(a) twenty-five (25) times; or
37	(b) five (5) times for transactions secured by a dwelling;
38	in the preceding calendar year. If a person did not meet these numerical
39	standards in the preceding calendar year, the numerical standards shall
40	be applied to the current calendar year.
41	(19) "Seller credit card" means an arrangement which gives to a

buyer or lessee the privilege of using a credit card, letter of credit, or



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other credit confirmation or identification for the purpose of purchasing or leasing goods or services from that person, a person related to that person, or from that person and any other person. The term includes a card that is issued by a person, that is in the name of the seller, and that can be used by the buyer or lessee only for purchases or leases at
locations of the named seller.
(20) "Supervised financial organization" means a person, other than an insurance company or other organization primarily engaged in an
insurance business:
(a) organized, chartered, or holding an authorization certificate under the laws of a state or of the United States which authorizes
the person to make loans and to receive deposits, including a savings, share, certificate, or deposit account; and
(h) subject to supervision by an official or agency of a state or of

- (b) subject to supervision by an official or agency of a state or of the United States.
- (21) "Mortgage servicer" means the last person to whom a mortgagor or the mortgagor's successor in interest has been instructed by a mortgagee to send payments on a loan secured by a mortgage.
- (22) "Affiliate", with respect to any person subject to this article, means a person that, directly or indirectly, through one (1) or more intermediaries:
  - (a) controls;

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- (b) is controlled by; or
- (c) is under common control with; the person subject to this article.

SECTION 7. IC 24-4.5-3-105 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 105. Unless the loan is made subject to IC 24-4.5-3 by agreement (IC 24-4.5-3-601), and except with respect to disclosure (IC 24-4.5-3-301), debtors' remedies (IC 24-4.5-5-201), providing payoff amounts (IC 24-4.5-3-209), and powers and functions of the department (IC 24-4.5-6-101), (IC 24-4.5-6-104), "consumer loan" does not include a loan primarily secured by an interest in land which is a mortgage transaction (as defined in IC 24-4.5-1-301(17)).

SECTION 8. IC 24-4.5-3-402, AS AMENDED BY P.L.217-2007, SECTION 8, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 402. (1) This section does not apply to a first lien mortgage transaction.

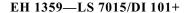
(2) Except as provided in IC 24-9-4-3 with respect to a high cost home loan (as defined in IC 24-9-2-8), with respect to a consumer loan, other than one pursuant to a revolving loan account or one on which only loan finance charges are payable prior to the time that the final













1	scheduled payment is due, if any scheduled payment is more than twice
2	as large as the average of earlier scheduled payments, the debtor has
3	the right to refinance the amount of that payment at the time it is due
4	without penalty. The terms of the refinancing shall be no less favorable
5	to the debtor than the terms of the original loan. This section does not
6	apply to the extent that the payment schedule is adjusted to the seasonal
7	or irregular income of the debtor.
8	(2) (3) For the purposes of this section, "terms of the refinancing"
9	means:
10	(a) in the case of a fixed-rate consumer loan, the individual
11	payment amounts, the charges as a result of default by the debtor,
12	and the rate of the loan finance charge; and
13	(b) in the case of a variable rate consumer loan, the method used
14	to determine the individual payment amounts, the charges as a
15	result of default by the debtor, the method used to determine the
16	rate of the loan finance charge, the circumstances under which the
17	rate of the loan finance charge may increase, and any limitations
18	on the increase in the rate of the loan finance charge.
19	(3) (4) If a consumer loan is made under the authority of the
20	Alternative Mortgage Transaction Parity Act (12 U.S.C. 3802 et seq.),
21	the note evidencing the mortgage must contain a reference to the
22	applicable federal law.
23	SECTION 9. IC 24-4.5-3-503, AS AMENDED BY P.L.217-2007,
24	SECTION 9, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
25	JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 503. License to Make Consumer Loans—(1) The
26	department shall receive and act on all applications for licenses to
27	make consumer loans. Applications must be as prescribed by the
28	director of the department of financial institutions.
29	(2) A license shall not be issued unless the department finds that the
30	financial responsibility, character, and fitness of:
31	(a) the applicant and any significant affiliate of the applicant;
32	(b) each executive officer, director, or manager of the
33	applicant, or any other individual having a similar status or
34	performing a similar function for the applicant; and
35	(c) if known, each person directly or indirectly owning of
36	record or owning beneficially at least ten percent (10%) of the
37	outstanding shares of any class of equity security of the
38	applicant;
39	of the members of the applicant (if the applicant is a copartnership or
40	an association) and of the officers and directors of the applicant (if the

applicant is a corporation) are such as to warrant belief that the

business will be operated honestly and fairly within the purposes of this

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1	article.
2	(3) The director is entitled to request evidence of compliance with
3	this section at:
4	(a) the time of application;
5	(b) the time of renewal of a license; or
6	(c) any other time considered necessary by the director.
7	(3) (4) Evidence of compliance with this section may include:
8	(a) criminal background checks, including a national criminal
9	history background check (as defined in IC 10-13-3-12) by the
10	Federal Bureau of Investigation, for any individual described in
11	subsection (2);
12	(b) credit histories; and
13	(c) other background checks considered necessary by the director.
14	If the director requests a national criminal history background
15	check under subdivision (a) for an individual described in
16	subsection (2), the director shall require the individual to submit
17	fingerprints to the department or to the state police department, as
18	appropriate, at the time evidence of compliance is requested under
19	subsection (3). The individual to whom the request is made shall
20	pay any fees or costs associated with the fingerprints and the
21	national criminal history background check. The national criminal
22	history background check may be used by the director to
23	determine the individual's compliance with this section. The
24	director or the department may not release the results of the
25	national criminal history background check to any private entity.
26	(4) (5) The department may deny an application under this section
27	if the director of the department determines that the application was
28	submitted for the benefit of, or on behalf of, a person who does not
29	qualify for a license.
30	(5) (6) Upon written request, the applicant is entitled to a hearing on
31	the question of the qualifications of the applicant for a license as
32	provided in IC 4-21.5.
33	(6) (7) The applicant shall pay the following fees at the time
34	designated by the department:
35	(a) An initial license fee as established by the department under
36	IC 28-11-3-5.
37	(b) An initial investigation fee as established by the department
38	under IC 28-11-3-5.
39	(c) An annual renewal fee as established by the department under
40	IC 28-11-3-5.
41	(7) (8) A fee as established by the department under IC 28-11-3-5
42	may be charged for each day the annual renewal fee under subsection



1	$\frac{(6)(c)}{(7)(c)}$ is delinquent.
2	(8) (9) The applicant may deduct the fees required under subsection
3	$\frac{(6)(a)}{(7)(a)}$ through $\frac{(6)(c)}{(7)(c)}$ from the filing fees paid under
4	IC 24-4.5-6-203.
5	(9) (10) A loan license issued under this section is not assignable or
6	transferable.
7	(10) (11) Subject to subsection (11), (12), the director may
8	designate an automated central licensing system and repository,
9	operated by a third party, to serve as the sole entity responsible for:
10	(a) processing applications and renewals for licenses under this
11	section; and
12	(b) performing other services that the director determines are
13	necessary for the orderly administration of the department's
14	licensing system.
15	(11) (12) The director's authority to designate an automated central
16	licensing system and repository under subsection (10) (11) is subject
17	to the following:
18	(a) The director or the director's designee may not require any
19	person exempt from licensure under this article, or any employee
20	or agent of an exempt person, to:
21	(i) submit information to; or
22	(ii) participate in;
23	the automated central licensing system and repository.
24	(b) Information stored in the automated central licensing system
25	and repository is subject to the confidentiality provisions of
26	IC 28-1-2-30 and IC 5-14-3. A person may not:
27	(i) obtain information from the automated central licensing
28	system and repository, unless the person is authorized to do so
29	by statute; <del>or</del>
30	(ii) initiate any civil action based on information obtained
31	from the automated central licensing system if the information
32	is not otherwise available to the person under any other state
33	law; or
34	(iii) initiate any civil action based on information obtained
35	from the automated central licensing system if the person
36	could not have initiated the action based on information
37	otherwise available to the person under any other state law.
38	(c) Documents, materials, and other forms of information in the
39	control or possession of the automated central licensing system
40	and repository that are confidential under IC 28-1-2-30 and that
41	are:
42	(i) furnished by the director, the director's designee, or a



1	licensee; or that are	
2	(ii) otherwise obtained by the automated central licensing	
3	system and repository;	
4	are confidential and privileged by law and are not (i) subject to	
5	inspection under IC 5-14-3, (ii) subject to subpoena, (iii) subject	
6	to discovery, or (iv) admissible in evidence in any civil action.	
7	However, the director or the director's designee may use the	
8	documents, materials, or other information available to the	
9	director or the director's designee in furtherance of any action	4
10	brought in connection with the director's duties under this article.	4
11	(d) Disclosure of documents, materials, and information:	
12	(i) to the director or the director's designee; or	
13	(ii) by the director or the director's designee;	
14	under this subsection does not result in a waiver of any applicable	
15	privilege or claim of confidentiality with respect to the	
16	documents, materials, or information.	4
17	(e) Information provided to the automated central licensing	
18	system and repository is subject to IC 4-1-11.	
19	(f) This subsection does not limit or impair a person's right to:	
20	(i) obtain information;	
21	(ii) use information as evidence in a civil action or proceeding;	
22	or	
23	(iii) use information to initiate a civil action or proceeding;	
24	if the information may be obtained from the director or the	
25	director's designee under any law.	
26	(g) The director may require a licensee required to submit	
27	information to the automated central licensing system and	
28	repository to pay a processing fee considered reasonable by the	\
29	director.	
30	SECTION 10. IC 24-4.5-3-504, AS AMENDED BY P.L.217-2007,	
31	SECTION 10, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE	
32	JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 504. Revocation or Suspension of License—(1)	
33	The department may issue to a person licensed to make consumer loans	
34	an order to show cause why the license should not be revoked or	
35	suspended for a period determined by the department. The order shall	
36	state the place and time for a meeting with the department that is no	
37	less than ten (10) days from the date of the order. After the meeting, the	
38	department shall revoke or suspend the license if the department finds	
39	that:	
40	(a) the licensee has repeatedly and willfully violated this article	
41	or any rule or order lawfully made pursuant to this article; or	
12	(h) the licensee has reneatedly and willfully violated federal	



1	consumer credit laws; or
2	(b) (c) facts or conditions exist which would clearly have justified
3	the department in refusing to grant a license had these facts or
4	conditions been known to exist at the time the application for the
5	license was made.
6	(2) Except as provided in section 503.5 of this chapter, no
7	revocation or suspension of a license is lawful unless prior to
8	institution of proceedings by the department notice is given to the
9	licensee of the facts or conduct which warrant the intended action, and
10	the licensee is given an opportunity to show compliance with all lawful
11	requirements for retention of the license.
12	(3) If the department finds that probable cause for revocation of a
13	license exists and that enforcement of this article requires immediate
14	suspension of the license pending investigation, the department may,
15	after a meeting with the licensee hearing upon five (5) days written
16	notice to the licensee, enter an order suspending the license for not
17	more than thirty (30) days.
18	(4) Whenever the department revokes or suspends a license, the
19	department shall enter an order to that effect and forthwith notify the
20	licensee of the revocation or suspension. Within five (5) days after the
21	entry of the order the department shall deliver to the licensee a copy of
22	the order and the findings supporting the order.
23	(5) Any person holding a license to make consumer loans may
24	relinquish the license by notifying the department in writing of its
25	relinquishment, but this relinquishment shall not affect the person's
26	liability for acts previously committed.
27	(6) No revocation, suspension, or relinquishment of a license shall
28	impair or affect the obligation of any preexisting lawful contract
29	between the licensee and any debtor.
30	(7) The department may reinstate a license, terminate a suspension,
31	or grant a new license to a person whose license has been revoked or
32	suspended if no fact or condition then exists which clearly would have
33	justified the department in refusing to grant a license.
34	(8) If the director:
35	(a) has just cause to believe an emergency exists from which it is
36	necessary to protect the interests of the public; or
37	(b) determines that the license was obtained for the benefit of, or
38	on behalf of, a person who does not qualify for a license;
39	the director may proceed with the revocation of the license under
40	IC 4-21.5-3-6.
41	SECTION 11. IC 24-4.5-3-505. AS AMENDED BY P.L.217-2007.

SECTION 11, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE



1)
JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 505. Records; Annual Reports—(1) Every
licensee shall maintain records in conformity with generally accepted
accounting principles and practices in a manner that will enable the
department to determine whether the licensee is complying with the
provisions of this article. The record keeping system of a licensee shall
be sufficient if the licensee makes the required information reasonably
available. The department shall determine the sufficiency of the records
and whether the licensee has made the required information reasonably
available. The department shall be given free access to the records
wherever located. The records pertaining to any loan shall be retained
for two (2) years after making the final entry relating to the loan, but in
the case of a revolving loan account the two (2) years is measured from
the date of each entry. A person licensed or required to be licensed
under this chapter is subject to IC 28-1-2-30.5 with respect to any
records maintained by the person.
(2) Every licensee shall file with the department a composite report
as required by the department, but not more frequently than annually,
in the form prescribed by the department relating to all consumer loans
made by the licensee. The department shall consult with comparable

- (2) Every licensee shall file with the department a composite report as required by the department, but not more frequently than annually, in the form prescribed by the department relating to all consumer loans made by the licensee. The department shall consult with comparable officials in other states for the purpose of making the kinds of information required in the reports uniform among the states. Information contained in the reports shall be confidential and may be published only in composite form. The department may impose a fee in an amount fixed by the department under IC 28-11-3-5 for each day that a licensee fails to file the report required by this subsection.
- (3) Every licensee shall file notification with the department if the licensee:
  - (a) has a change in name, address, or principals;
  - (b) opens a new branch, closes an existing branch, or relocates an existing branch;
  - (c) files for bankruptcy or reorganization; or
- (d) is subject to revocation or suspension proceedings by a state or governmental authority with regard to the licensee's activities; not later than thirty (30) days after the date of the event described in this subsection.
- (4) Every licensee shall file notification with the department if  $\frac{1}{2}$  key officer or director of the licensee: an individual described in section 503(2)(b) or 503(2)(c) of this chapter:
  - (a) is under indictment for a felony involving fraud, deceit, or misrepresentation under the laws of Indiana or any other jurisdiction; or
  - (b) has been convicted of or pleaded guilty or nolo contendere to







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1 2	a felony involving fraud, deceit, or misrepresentation under the
3	laws of Indiana or any other jurisdiction; not later than thirty (30) days after the date of the event described in
4	this subsection.
5	SECTION 12. IC 24-4.5-4-108, AS AMENDED BY P.L.217-2007,
6	SECTION 12. IC 24-4.3-4-108, AS AMENDED BY F.E.217-2007, SECTION 12, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
7	JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 108. Refund or Credit Required; Amount — (1)
8	Upon prepayment in full of a consumer credit sale or consumer loan by
9	the proceeds of consumer credit insurance, the debtor or the debtor's
10	estate is entitled to a refund of:
11	(a) any portion of a separate charge for insurance which by reason
12	of prepayment is retained by the creditor or returned to the
13	creditor by the insurer unless the charge was computed from time
14	to time on the basis of the balances of the debtor's account; and
15	(b) any portion of an additional charge that is:
16	(i) assessed in accordance with IC 24-4.5-2-202
17	IC 24-4.5-2-202(1)(c) or IC 24-4.5-3-202
18	IC 24-4.5-3-202(1)(e); and
19	(ii) subject to rebate upon prepayment.
20	(2) This chapter does not require a creditor to grant a refund or
21	credit to the debtor if all refunds and credits due to the debtor under
22	this chapter amount to less than one dollar (\$1), and except as provided
23	in subsection (1) does not require the creditor to account to the debtor
24	for any portion of a separate charge for insurance because:
25	(a) the insurance is terminated by performance of the insurer's
26	obligation;
27	(b) the creditor pays or accounts for premiums to the insurer in
28	amounts and at times determined by the agreement between them;
29	or
30	(c) the creditor receives directly or indirectly under any policy of
31	insurance a gain or advantage not prohibited by law.
32	(3) Except as provided in subsection (2), the creditor or the
33	creditor's assignee shall promptly make an appropriate refund or credit
34	to the debtor for any separate charge made for insurance or for an
35	additional charge described in subsection (1)(b) if:
36	(a) the insurance is not provided or is provided for a term shorter
37	than the term for which the charge to the debtor for insurance was
38	computed; or
39	(b) the insurance or the protection provided in exchange for
40	the additional charge described in subsection (1)(b) terminates
41	prior to the end of the scheduled term of the insurance coverage



because of prepayment in full or otherwise.

(4) An initial creditor, a subsequent creditor, or an assignee of an initial or a subsequent creditor shall maintain documentation of any account that is subject to a refund or credit under this section. The information maintained under this subsection shall be made available to the department as necessary to determine compliance with this section.

(4) (5) A refund or credit required by subsection (3) is appropriate as to amount if it is computed according to a method prescribed or approved by the insurance commissioner or a formula filed by the insurer with the insurance commissioner at least thirty (30) days before the debtor's right to a refund or credit becomes determinable, unless the method or formula is used after the insurance commissioner notifies the insurer that it is disapproved.

(5) (6) If a refund or credit required by subsection (1) or (3) is not made to the debtor within sixty (60) days after the date the debt is terminated, due to prepayment in full or otherwise, the creditor shall pay to the debtor for each day after the sixty (60) day period has expired an amount equal to the daily interest at the contracted annual percentage rate on the amount of the refund required by subsection (1) due at the time of prepayment or termination. The director may impose an additional civil penalty of not greater than one thousand dollars (\$1,000) per occurrence if a creditor engages in a pattern or practice of failing to comply with the this subsection.

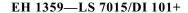
SECTION 13. IC 24-4.5-6-203, AS AMENDED BY P.L.217-2007, SECTION 18, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 203. (1) Persons required to file notification who are sellers, lessors, or lenders shall pay a fee in an amount and at intervals to be prescribed by the director under IC 28-11-3-5. The fee shall be a uniform amount for each one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000), or part thereof, in excess of one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000), of the original unpaid balances arising from consumer credit sales, consumer leases, and consumer loans made in Indiana and held either by the seller, lessor, or lender for more than thirty (30) days after the inception of the sale, lease, or loan giving rise to the obligations, or by an assignee who has not filed notification. A refinancing of a sale, lease, or loan resulting in an increase in the amount of an obligation is a new sale, lease, or loan to the extent of the increase. In prescribing the fee, the department shall consider the costs and expense incurred or estimated to be incurred by the department in the administration of this article, including, but not limited to, the supervision, regulation, and examination of persons subject to the provisions of the article.

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1	(2) Persons required to file notification who are assignees shall pay
2	a fee as prescribed and fixed by the department under subsection (1) on
3	the unpaid balances at the time of the assignment of obligations arising
4	from consumer credit sales, consumer leases, and consumer loans made
5	in Indiana taken by assignment during the preceding calendar year, but
6	an assignee need not pay a fee with respect to an obligation on which
7	the assignor or other person has already paid a fee.
8	(3) Persons required to file notification who are assignors shall pay
9	a fee as prescribed by the department under subsection (1) on the
10	unpaid balances at the time of the assignment of obligations arising
11	from consumer credit sales, consumer leases, and consumer loans made
12	in Indiana during the preceding calendar year unless the assignee has
13	already paid the fees.
14	(4) Persons required to renew a license under IC 24-4.5-3-503 may
15	deduct the fees paid under IC 24-4.5-3-503(6)(a)
16	IC 24-4.5-3-503(7)(a) through IC 24-4.5-3-503(6)(c)
17	IC 24-4.5-3-503(7)(c) from fees paid under this section.
18	(5) A person that is required to file notification under
19	IC 24-4.5-6-202 shall pay a fee at the same rate as prescribed and fixed
20	by the department under subsection (1) on the original unpaid balances
21	of all closed end credit obligations originating from the person's place
22	of business during the time preceding the notification as specified
23	under subsection (1), unless the fees for the obligations have been paid
24	by another person.
25	SECTION 14. IC 24-4.5-7-202, AS AMENDED BY P.L.217-2007,
26	SECTION 23, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
27	JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 202. (1) Notwithstanding any other law, the only
28	fee that may be contracted for and received by the lender or an
29	assignee on a small loan is a charge, not to exceed twenty-five dollars
30	(\$25), for each:
31	(a) return by a bank or other depository institution of a:
32	(i) dishonored check;
33	(ii) negotiable order of withdrawal; or
34	(iii) share draft;
35	issued by the borrower; or
36	(b) time an authorization to debit the borrower's account is
37	dishonored.
38	This additional charge may be assessed one (1) time regardless of how
39	many times a check or an authorization to debit the borrower's account
40	may be submitted by the lender and dishonored.



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(a) present a borrower's check for payment; or

(2) A lender may:

1	(b) exercise a borrower's authorization to debit the borrower's
2	account;
3	not more than three (3) times.
4	SECTION 15. IC 24-4.5-7-404, AS AMENDED BY P.L.217-2007,
5	SECTION 26, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
6	JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 404. (1) As used in this section, "commercially
7	reasonable method of verification" means one (1) or more a private
8	consumer credit reporting services service that the department
9	determines to be capable of providing a lender with adequate
10	verification information necessary to ensure compliance with
11	subsection (4).
12	(2) With respect to a small loan, no lender may permit a person to
13	become obligated under more than one (1) loan agreement with the
14	lender at any time.
15	(3) A lender shall not make a small loan that, when combined with
16	the outstanding balance on another outstanding small loan owed to
17	another lender, exceeds a total of five hundred fifty dollars (\$550),
18	excluding finance charges. A lender shall not make a small loan to a
19	borrower who has two (2) or more small loans outstanding, regardless
20	of the total value of the small loans. The amount of five hundred fifty
21	dollars (\$550) in this subsection is subject to change under the
22	provisions on adjustment of dollar amounts (IC 24-4.5-1-106).
23	However, notwithstanding IC 24-4.5-1-106(1), the Reference Base
24	Index to be used under this subsection is the Index for October 2006.
25	(4) A lender complies with subsection (3) if the borrower represents
26	in writing that the borrower does not have any outstanding small loans
27	with the lender, another lender, an affiliate of the lender or another
28	lender, or a separate entity involved in a business association with the
29	lender or another lender in making small loans, and the lender
30	independently verifies the accuracy of the borrower's written
31	representation through a commercially reasonable method of
32	verification. A lender's method of verifying whether a borrower has any
33	outstanding small loans will be considered commercially reasonable if
34	the method includes a manual investigation or an electronic query of:
35	(a) the lender's own records, including both records maintained at
36	the location where the borrower is applying for the transaction
37	and records maintained at other locations within the state that are
38	owned and operated by the lender; and
39	(b) an available third party databases data base provided by a
40	private consumer reporting services. service.
41	(5) The department shall monitor the effectiveness of private

consumer credit reporting services in providing the verification



1	information required under subsection (4). If the department
2	determines that <del>one (1) or more a commercially reasonable methods</del>
3	<b>method</b> of verification are is available, the department shall:
4	(a) provide reasonable notice to all lenders identifying the
5	commercially reasonable methods method of verification that are
6	is available; and
7	(b) require each lender to use, consistent with the policies of the
8	department, one (1) of the identified commercially reasonable
9	methods method of verification as a means of complying with
10	subsection (4).
11	(6) If a borrower presents evidence to a lender that a loan has been
12	discharged in bankruptcy, the lender shall cause the record of the
13	borrower's loan to be updated in the database described in subsection
14	(4)(b) to reflect the bankruptcy discharge.
15	(7) A lender shall cause the record of a borrower's loan to be
16	updated in the database described in subsection (4)(b) to reflect:
17	(a) presentment of the borrower's check for payment; or
18	(b) exercise of the borrower's authorization to debit the borrower's
19	account.
20	If a check is returned or an authorization is dishonored because of
21	insufficient funds in the borrower's account, the lender shall reenter the
22	record of the loan in the database.
23	(8) A lender shall update information in a database described in
24	subsection (4)(b) to reflect partial payments made on an outstanding
25	loan, the record of which is maintained in the database.
26	(9) If a lender ceases doing business in Indiana, the director may
27	require one (1) or more operators the operator of the databases data
28	base described in subsection (4)(b) to remove records of the lender's
29	loans from the operator's database.
30	(10) The director may impose a civil penalty not to exceed one
31	hundred dollars (\$100) for each violation of:
32	(a) this section; or
33	(b) any rule or policy adopted by the director to implement this
34	section.
35	(11) The excess amount of loan finance charge provided for in
36	agreements in violation of this section is an excess charge for purposes
37	of the provisions concerning effect of violations on rights of parties
38	(IC 24-4.5-5-202) and the provisions concerning civil actions by the
39	department (IC 24-4.5-6-113).
40	SECTION 16. IC 24-4.5-7-406, AS AMENDED BY P.L.57-2006,
41	SECTION 18, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE

JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 406. (a) (1) An agreement with respect to a small



1 2	loan may not provide for charges as a result of default by the borrower other than those specifically authorized by this chapter. A provision in	
3		
<i>3</i>	a small loan agreement in violation of this section is unenforceable.  (b) (2) A lender or an assignee of a small loan may seek only the	
5	following remedies upon default by a borrower:	
6	(1) (a) Recovery of:	
7	(1) (a) Recovery of.  (A) (i) the contracted principal amount of the loan; and	
8	(A) (i) the contracted principal amount of the loan, and (B) (ii) the loan finance charge.	
9	(b) (h) the foan finance charge.  (2) (b) Collection of a fee for:	
10	(A) (i) a returned check, negotiable order of withdrawal, or	
11	share draft; or	
12	(B) (ii) a dishonored authorization to debit the borrower's	
13	account;	
14	if contracted for under section 202 of this chapter.	
15	(3) (c) Collection of postjudgment interest, if awarded by a court.	
16	(4) (d) Collection of court costs, if awarded by a court.	
17	(c) (3) A lender or an assignee of a small loan may not seek any of	
18	the following damages or remedies upon default by a borrower:	
19	(1) (a) Payment of the lender's attorney's fees.	
20	(2) (b) Treble damages.	
21	(3) (c) Prejudgment interest.	
22	(4) (d) Damages allowed for dishonored checks under any statute	0
23	other than this chapter.	
24	(5) (e) Any damages or remedies not set forth in subsection (b).	_
25	(2).	
26	(d) (4) A contractual agreement in a small loan transaction must	
27	include a notice of the following in 14 point bold type:	
28	(1) (a) The remedies available to a lender or an assignee under	Y
29	subsection (b). (2).	
30	(2) (b) The remedies and damages that a lender or an assignee is	
31	prohibited from seeking in a small loan transaction under	
32	subsection (c). (3).	
33	SECTION 17. IC 24-4.5-7-409, AS AMENDED BY P.L.57-2006,	
34	SECTION 19, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE	
35	JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 409. (1) This section applies to licensees and	
36	unlicensed persons.	
37	(2) A person who violates this chapter:	
38	(a) is subject to a civil penalty up to two thousand dollars (\$2,000)	
39	imposed by the department;	
40	(b) (a) is subject to the remedies provided in IC 24-4.5-5-202;	
41	(c) (b) commits a deceptive act under IC 24-5-0.5 and is subject	
42	to the penalties listed in IC 24-5-0.5:	



1	(d) (c) has no right to collect, receive, or retain any principal,
2	interest, or other charges from a small loan; however, this
3	subdivision does not apply if the violation is the result of an
4	accident or bona fide error of computation; and
5	(e) (d) is liable to the borrower for actual damages, statutory
6	damages of two thousand dollars (\$2,000) per violation, costs,
7	and attorney's fees; however, this subdivision does not apply if the
8	violation is the result of an accident or bona fide error of
9	computation.
10	The remedies described in this subsection are in addition to all
11	other remedies set forth in this article.
12	(3) The department may sue:
13	(a) to enjoin any conduct that constitutes or will constitute a
14	violation of this chapter; and
15	(b) for other equitable relief.
16	(4) The remedies provided in this section are cumulative but are not
17	intended to be the exclusive remedies available to a borrower. A
18	borrower is not required to exhaust any administrative remedies under
19	this section or any other applicable law.
20	SECTION 18. IC 24-4.5-7-410, AS AMENDED BY P.L.57-2006,
21	SECTION 20, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
22	JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 410. A lender making small loans, or an assignee
23	of a small loan, shall not commit nor cause to be committed any of the
24	following acts:
25	(a) Threatening to use or using the criminal process in any state
26	to collect on a small loan.
27	(b) Threatening to take action against a borrower that is
28	prohibited by this chapter.
29	(c) Making a misleading or deceptive statement regarding a small
30	loan or a consequence of taking a small loan.
31	(d) Contracting for or collecting attorney's fees on small loans
32	made under this chapter.
33	(e) Altering the date or any other information on a check or an
34	authorization to debit the borrower's account held as security.
35	(f) Using a device or agreement that the department determines
36	would have the effect of charging or collecting more fees,
37	charges, or interest than allowed by this chapter, including, but
38	not limited to:
39	(i) entering a different type of transaction with the borrower;
40	(ii) entering into a sales/leaseback arrangement;
41	(iii) catalog sales;
42	(iv) entering into transactions in which a customer receives a



1	purported cash rebate that is advanced by someone offering
2	Internet content services, or some other product or service,
3	when the cash rebate does not represent a discount or an
4	adjustment of the purchase price for the product or service; or
5	(v) entering any other transaction with the borrower that is
6	designed to evade the applicability of this chapter.
7	(g) Engaging in unfair, deceptive, or fraudulent practices in the
8	making or collecting of a small loan.
9	(h) Charging to cash a check representing the proceeds of a small
10	loan.
11	(i) Except as otherwise provided in this chapter:
12	(i) accepting the proceeds of a new small loan as payment of
13	an existing small loan provided by the same lender; or
14	(ii) renewing, refinancing, or consolidating a small loan with
15	the proceeds of another small loan made by the same lender.
16	(j) Including any of the following provisions in a loan document:
17	(i) A hold harmless clause.
18	(ii) A confession of judgment clause.
19	(iii) A mandatory arbitration clause, unless the terms and
20	conditions of the arbitration have been approved by the
21	director of the department.
22	(iv) An assignment of or order for payment of wages or other
23	compensation for services.
24	(v) A provision in which the borrower agrees not to assert a
25	claim or defense arising out of contract.
26	(vi) A waiver of any provision of this chapter.
27	(k) Selling insurance of any kind in connection with the making
28	or collecting of a small loan.
29	(l) Entering into a renewal with a borrower.
30	SECTION 19. IC 24-7-1-6 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE
31	AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY
32	1, 2008]: Sec. 6. This article does not apply to the rental of a
33	musical instrument through an elementary or a secondary school.
34	SECTION 20. IC 28-1-2-30.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
35	CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS
36	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 30.5. (a) This section applies to
37	the following:
38	(1) Any:
39	(A) financial institution;
40	(B) person required to file notification with the department
41	under IC 24-4.5-6-202;
42	(C) person subject to IC 24-7· or



1	(D) other person subject to regulation by the department	
2	under this title.	
3	(2) Any person licensed or required to be licensed under	
4	IC 24-4.5.	
5	(b) As used in this section, "customer", with respect to a person	
6	described in subsection (a), means an individual consumer, or the	
7	individual's legal representative, who obtains or has obtained from	
8	the person a financial:	
9	(1) product; or	
10	(2) service;	
11	that is to be used primarily for personal, family, or household	
12	purposes. The term does not include an affiliate of the person.	
13	(c) As used in this section, "personal information" includes any	
14	of the following:	
15	(1) An individual's first and last names or first initial and last	
16	name.	
17	(2) Any of the following data elements:	
18	(A) A Social Security number.	
19	(B) A driver's license number.	
20	(C) A state identification card number.	
21	(D) A credit card number.	
22	(E) A financial account number or debit card number.	
23	(3) With respect to an individual, any of the following:	
24	(A) Address.	
25	(B) Telephone number.	
26	(C) Information concerning the individual's:	
27	(i) income or other compensation;	
28	(ii) credit history;	V
29	(iii) credit score;	
30	(iv) assets;	
31	(v) liabilities; or	
32	(vi) employment history.	
33	(d) As used in this chapter, personal information is "encrypted"	
34	if the personal information:	
35	(1) has been transformed through the use of an algorithmic	
36	process into a form in which there is a low probability of	
37	assigning meaning without use of a confidential process or	
38	key; or	
39	(2) is secured by another method that renders the personal	
40	information unreadable or unusable.	
41	(e) As used in this chapter, personal information is "redacted"	
42	if the personal information has been altered or truncated so that	



1	not more than the last four (4) digits of:
2	(1) a Social Security number;
3	(2) a driver's license number;
4	(3) a state identification number; or
5	(4) an account number;
6	are accessible as part of the personal information.
7	(f) As used in this chapter, "personal records" means any
8	records that:
9	(1) are maintained, whether as a paper record or in an
10	electronic or a computerized form, by a person to whom this
11	section applies; and
12	(2) contain the unencrypted, unredacted personal information
13	of one (1) or more customers or potential customers.
14	(g) A person to whom this section applies shall keep and handle
15	personal records in a manner that:
16	(1) reasonably safeguards the personal records from
17	destruction, theft, or other loss; and
18	(2) protects the personal records from misuse.
19	(h) If a breach of the security of any personal records occurs,
20	the person maintaining the records is subject to the disclosure
21	requirements under IC 24-4.9-3, unless the person is exempt from
22	the disclosure requirements under IC 24-4.9-3-4.
23	(i) A person to whom this section applies may not dispose of
24	personal records without first:
25	(1) shredding, incinerating, or mutilating the personal
26	records; or
27	(2) erasing or otherwise rendering illegible or unusable the
28	personal information contained in the records.
29	(j) If a person to whom this section applies ceases doing
30	business, the person shall, as part of the winding up of the business,
31	safeguard any personal records maintained by the person in
32	accordance with this section until such time as the person is
33	entitled or required to destroy the records under:
34	(1) applicable law; or
35	(2) the person's own records maintenance policies.
36	SECTION 21. IC 28-1-7-4 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
37	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 4. (a) After the
38	resolutions approving a joint agreement of merger have been adopted
39	by the board of directors of each of the corporations, such resolutions
40	and joint agreement shall be submitted for approval by the department.

before the joint agreement is submitted to a vote of the shareholders of

the corporations. The department may, in its discretion, approve or



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1	disapprove the resolution and joint agreement.	
2	(b) In deciding whether to approve or disapprove a resolution and	
3	joint agreement under this section, the department shall consider the	
4	following factors:	
5	(1) Whether the institutions subject to the proposed transaction	
6	are operated in a safe, sound, and prudent manner.	
7	(2) Whether the financial condition of any institution subject to	
8	the proposed transaction will jeopardize the financial stability of	
9	any other institutions subject to the proposed transaction.	
10	(3) Whether the proposed transaction under this chapter will	
11	result in an institution that has inadequate capital, unsatisfactory	
12	management, or poor earnings prospects.	
13	(4) Whether the management or other principals of the institution	
14	that will result from the proposed transaction under this chapter	
15	are qualified by character and financial responsibility to control	
16	and operate in a legal and proper manner the resulting institution.	
17	(5) Whether the public convenience and advantage will be served	
18	by the resulting institution after the proposed transaction.	
19	(6) Whether the institutions subject to the proposed transaction	
20	under this chapter furnish all the information the department	
21	requires in reaching the department's decision.	
22	SECTION 22. IC 28-1-7-5 IS AMENDED TO READ AS	
23	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 5. If The agreement of	
24	merger is approved by the department; it shall be submitted to a vote	

SECTION 22. IC 28-1-7-5 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 5. If The agreement of merger is approved by the department, it shall be submitted to a vote of the shareholders of each corporation, at the meeting directed by the resolution of the board of directors of each corporation, and the agreement shall be adopted by each corporation upon receiving the affirmative votes of the holders of a majority of the outstanding shares of the capital stock of the corporation. A mutual savings association or mutual savings bank shall adopt the agreement upon receiving the affirmative vote of fifty-one percent (51%) or more of the votes cast at the meeting called to consider such agreement of merger.

SECTION 23. IC 28-1-7-12 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 12. (a) After the resolution approving a joint agreement of consolidation has been adopted by the board of directors of each of the corporations, the resolutions and joint agreement shall be submitted to the department. for approval before the joint agreement is submitted to a vote of the shareholders of the corporations. The department may, in its discretion, approve or disapprove the resolutions and joint agreement.

(b) In deciding whether to approve or disapprove a transaction under this chapter, the department shall consider the following factors:



1	(1) Whether the institutions subject to the proposed transaction
2	are operated in a safe, sound, and prudent manner.
3	(2) Whether the financial condition of any institution subject to
4	the proposed transaction will jeopardize the financial stability of
5	any other institutions subject to the proposed transaction.
6	(3) Whether the proposed transaction under this chapter will
7	result in an institution that has inadequate capital, unsatisfactory
8	management, or poor earnings prospects.
9	(4) Whether the management or other principals of the institution
10	that will result from the proposed transaction under this chapter
11	are qualified by character and financial responsibility to control
12	and operate in a legal and proper manner the resulting institution.
13	(5) Whether the public convenience and advantage will be served
14	by the resulting institution after the proposed transaction.
15	(6) Whether the institutions subject to the proposed transaction
16	under this chapter furnish all the information the department
17	requires in reaching the department's decision.
18	SECTION 24. IC 28-1-7-13 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
19	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 13. If The agreement
20	of consolidation is approved by the department, it shall be submitted to
21	a vote of the shareholders of each corporation and shall be adopted
22	upon receiving the same affirmative votes, and the adoption shall be
23	followed by the same notice to shareholders as is prescribed in sections
24	3, 5, and 6 of this chapter, as if the consolidation were a merger.
25	SECTION 25. IC 28-1-13-1.2 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
26	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 1.2. As used in this
27	chapter, "loans and extensions of credit" includes all direct or indirect
28	advances of funds to a person made on the basis of any obligation of
29	that person to repay the funds or repayable from specific property
30	pledged by or on behalf of the person. To the extent specified by the
31	department, the term includes any liability of a bank to advance funds
32	to or on behalf of a person under a contractual commitment. has the
33	meaning set forth in 12 CFR 32.2.
34	SECTION 26. IC 28-1-20-4, AS AMENDED BY P.L.57-2006,
35	SECTION 31, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
36	JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 4. (a) Except as provided in subsections (c), (d),
37	(g), and (k), and (o), it is unlawful for any person, firm, limited liability
38	company, or corporation (other than a bank or trust company, a bank

holding company, a subsidiary of a bank or trust company, a subsidiary

of a bank holding company, a subsidiary of a savings bank, or a

subsidiary of a savings association or a corporate fiduciary organized

or reorganized under IC 28 or statutes in effect at the time of

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1 2	organization or reorganization or under the laws of the United States): (1) to use the word "bank", "banc", or "banco" as a part of the
3	name or title of the person, firm, limited liability company, or
4	corporation; or
5	(2) to advertise or represent the person, firm, limited liability
6	company, or corporation to the public:
7	(A) as a bank or trust company or a corporate fiduciary; or
8	(B) as affording the services or performing the duties which by
9	law only a bank or trust company or a corporate fiduciary is
.0	entitled to afford and perform.
.1	(b) A financial institution organized under the laws of any state or
. 2	the United States is authorized to do business in Indiana:
.3	(1) at its principal office;
.4	(2) at any branch office; or
.5	(3) otherwise;
.6	using a name other than its official entity name if the financial
.7	institution notifies the department at least ten (10) days before using
. 8	the other name.
.9	(c) Notwithstanding the prohibitions of this section, an out-of-state
20	financial institution with the word "bank" in its legal name may use the
21	word "bank" if the financial institution is insured by the Federal
22	Deposit Insurance Corporation or its successor.
23	(d) Notwithstanding subsection (a), a building and loan association
24	organized under IC 28-4 (before its repeal) may include in its name or
25	title:
26	(1) the words "savings bank"; or
27	(2) the word "bank" if the name or title also includes either the
28	words "savings bank" or letters "SB".
29	A building and loan association that includes "savings bank" in its title
0	under this section does not by that action become a savings bank for
31	purposes of IC 28-6.1.
32	(e) The name or title of a savings bank governed by IC 28-6.1 must
33	include the words "savings bank" or the letters "SB".
34	(f) A savings association may include in its name the words
55	"building and loan association".
66	(g) Notwithstanding subsection (a), a bank holding company (as
57	defined in 12 U.S.C. 1841) may use the word "bank" or "banks" as a
8	part of its name. However, this subsection does not permit a bank
19	holding company to advertise or represent itself to the public as
10	affording the services or performing the duties that by law a bank or
1	trust company only is entitled to afford and perform.

(h) The department is authorized to investigate the business affairs



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of any person, firm, limited liability company, or corporation that uses
"bank", "banc", or "banco" in its title or holds itself out as a bank,
corporate fiduciary, or trust company for the purpose of determining
whether the person, firm, limited liability company, or corporation is
violating any of the provisions of this article, and, for that purpose, the
department and its agents shall have access to any and all of the books,
records, papers, and effects of the person, firm, limited liability
company, or corporation. In making its examination, the department
may examine any person and the partners, officers, members, or agents
of the firm, limited liability company, or corporation under oath,
subpoena witnesses, and require the production of the books, records,
papers, and effects considered necessary. On application of the
department, the circuit or superior court of the county in which the
person, firm, limited liability company, or corporation maintains a
place of business shall, by proper proceedings, enforce the attendance
and testimony of witnesses and the production and examination of
books, papers, records, and effects.

- (i) The department is authorized to exercise the powers under IC 28-11-4 against a person, firm, limited liability company, or corporation that improperly holds itself out as a financial institution.
- (j) A person, firm, limited liability company, or corporation who violates this section is subject to a penalty of five hundred dollars (\$500) per day for each and every day during which the violation continues. The penalty imposed shall be recovered in the name of the state on relation of the department and, when recovered, shall be paid into the financial institutions fund established by IC 28-11-2-9.
- (k) The word "bank", "banc", or "banco" may not be included in the name of a corporate fiduciary.
- (1) A person, firm, limited liability company, or corporation may not use the name of an existing bank or bank holding company depository financial institution or holding company of a depository financial institution, or a name confusingly similar to that of an existing bank or bank holding company depository financial institution or holding company of a depository financial institution, when marketing to or soliciting business from a customer or prospective customer if the reference to the existing bank or bank holding company depository financial institution or holding company of a depository financial institution is:
  - (1) without the consent of the existing bank or bank holding company; depository financial institution or holding company of a depository financial institution; and
  - (2) in a manner that could cause a reasonable person to believe









1	that the marketing material or solicitation:
2	(A) originated from;
3	(B) is endorsed by; or
4	(C) is in any other way the responsibility of;
5	the existing bank or bank holding company depository financial
6	institution or holding company of a depository financial institution.
7	(m) An existing bank or bank holding company depository
8	financial institution or holding company of a depository financial
9	institution may, in addition to any other remedies available under the
10	law, report an alleged violation of subsection (l) to the department. If
11	the department finds that the marketing material or solicitation in
12	question is in violation of subsection (1), the department may direct the
13	person, firm, limited liability company, or corporation to cease and
14	desist from using that marketing material or solicitation in Indiana. If
15	that person, firm, limited liability company, or corporation persists in
16	using the marketing material or solicitation, the department may
17	impose a civil penalty of up to fifteen thousand dollars (\$15,000) for
18	each violation. Each instance in which the marketing material or
19	solicitation is sent to a customer or prospective customer constitutes a
20	separate violation of subsection (l).
21	(n) Nothing in subsection (l) or (m) prohibits the use of or reference
22	to the name of an existing bank or bank holding company depository
23	financial institution or holding company of a depository financial
24	institution in marketing materials or solicitations, if the use or
25	reference does not deceive or confuse a reasonable person regarding
26	whether the marketing material or solicitation:
27	(1) originated from;
28	(2) is endorsed by; or
29	(3) is in any other way the responsibility of;
30	the existing bank or bank holding company. depository financial
31	institution or holding company of a depository financial institution.
32	(o) A person, firm, limited liability company, or corporation
33	may use the word "bank", "banc", or "banco" if it would not
34	create a substantial likelihood of misleading the public by implying
35	that the person, firm, limited liability company, or corporation is
36	a state or federally chartered bank or savings bank.
37	(p) As used in this section, "depository financial institution" has
38	the meaning set forth in IC 28-1-1-6.
39	(o) (q) The department may adopt rules under IC 4-22-2 to
40	implement this section.
41	SECTION 27. IC 28-1-29-1 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
42	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 1. The following words,



1	when used in this chapter, shall have the meaning ascribed to them	
2	unless the context clearly requires a different meaning:	
3	(1) "Person" includes individuals, sole proprietorships,	
4	partnerships, associations, limited liability company, and	
5	companies, trusts, joint ventures, corporations, unincorporated	
6	organizations, and other entities, however organized.	
7	(2) "Budget service company" "Debt management company" is	
8	any person doing business as a budget counseling, credit	
9	counseling, debt management, or debt pooling service or holding	
10	himself the person out, by words of similar import, as providing	
11	services to debtors in the management of their finances and debts,	
12	and contracting with the debtor for a fee to receive from the	
13	debtor and disburse money or anything of value. "Budget service	
14	company" The term includes the following:	
15	(A) An entity that simply holds any check, personal check,	
16	money order, personal money order, draft, or any other	
17	instrument for the transmission of money.	
18	(B) A person or an entity known as a "budget service	
19	company".	
20	(3) "License" means a license issued under the provisions of this	
21	chapter.	
22	(4) "Licensee" means any person to whom a license has been	
23	issued pursuant to the provisions of this chapter.	
24	(5) "Contract debtor" means a debtor who has entered into a	
25	contract with a licensee.	
26	(6) "Debt" means an obligation arising out of personal, family, or	,
27	household use.	
28	(7) "Debtor" means an individual whose principal debts and	
29	obligations arise out of personal, family, or household use and	
30	shall not apply to persons whose principal indebtedness arises out	
31	of business purpose transactions.	
32	(8) "Department" means the members of the department of	
33	financial institutions.	
34	(9) "Finances" means a savings deposit that is:	
35	(A) made on behalf of a contract debtor;	
36	(B) owned and controlled exclusively by the contract debtor	
37	and not a licensee who has a power of attorney of the contract	
38	debtor; and	
39 40	(C) placed in a bank or savings institution chartered by the	
40	state or federal government.	
41 42	SECTION 28. IC 28-1-29-3, AS AMENDED BY P.L.217-2007, SECTION 42 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS (FEFF CTIVE	



1	JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 3. (a) No person shall operate a budget service
2	debt management company in Indiana without having obtained a
3	license from the department. For purposes of this section, a person is
4	operating in Indiana if:
5	(1) the person or any of the person's employees or agents are
6	located in Indiana; or
7	(2) the person:
8	(A) contracts with debtors who are residents of Indiana; or
9	(B) solicits business from residents of Indiana by
10	advertisements or other communications sent or delivered
11	through any of the following means:
12	(i) Mail.
13	(ii) Personal delivery.
14	(iii) Telephone.
15	(iv) Radio.
16	(v) Television.
17	(vi) The Internet or other electronic communications.
18	(vii) Any other means of communication.
19	(b) The director may request evidence of compliance with this
20	section at:
21	(1) the time of application;
22	(2) the time of renewal of a license; or
23	(3) any other time considered necessary by the director.
24	(c) For purposes of subsection (b), evidence of compliance with this
25	section may include:
26	(1) criminal background checks, including a national criminal
27	history background check (as defined in IC 10-13-3-12) by the
28	Federal Bureau of Investigation for any individual described in
29	section 5(b)(2) or 5(b)(3) of this chapter;
30	(2) credit histories; and
31	(3) other background checks considered necessary by the director.
32	If the director requests a national criminal history background
33	check under subdivision (1) for an individual described in that
34	subdivision, the director shall require the individual to submit
35	fingerprints to the department or to the state police department, as
36	appropriate, at the time evidence of compliance is requested under
37	subsection (b). The individual to whom the request is made shall
38	pay any fees or costs associated with the fingerprints and the
39	national criminal history background check. The national criminal
40	history background check may be used by the director to
41	determine the individual's compliance with this section. The
42	director or the department may not release the results of the



1	national criminal history background check to any private entity.	
2	(d) The fee for a license or renewal shall be fixed by the department	
3	under IC 28-11-3-5 and shall be nonrefundable. A licensee failing to	
4	renew annually shall be required to pay The department may impose	
5	a fee fixed by the department under IC 28-11-3-5 for a new application.	
6	each day that a renewal fee due and payable under this subsection	
7	is delinquent.	
8	(e) If a person knowingly acts as a budget service debt	
9	management company in violation of this chapter, any agreement the	
10	person has made under this chapter is void and the debtor under the	
11	agreement is not obligated to pay any fees. If the debtor has paid any	
12	amounts to the person, the debtor, or the department on behalf of the	
13	debtor, may recover the payment from the person that violated this	
14	section.	
15	(f) A license issued under this section is not assignable or	
16	transferable.	
17	SECTION 29. IC 28-1-29-5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.217-2007,	
18	SECTION 44, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE	
19	JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 5. (a) Every person doing business as a budget	
20	service debt management company shall make application to the	
21	department for a license to engage in such business. Such application	
22	shall be in the form prescribed by the department and shall contain	
23	such information as the department may require.	
24	(b) The department may not issue a license unless the department	
25	finds that the financial responsibility, character, and fitness of:	
26	(1) the applicant and any significant affiliate of the applicant;	
27	<del>and</del>	
28	(2) the: (A) members of the applicant, if the applicant is a	
29	partnership or association; or (B) officers and directors of the	
30	applicant, if the applicant is a corporation;	
31	(2) each executive officer, director, or manager of the	
32	applicant, or any other individual having a similar status or	
33	performing a similar function for the applicant; and	
34	(3) if known, each person directly or indirectly owning of	
35	record or owning beneficially at least ten percent (10%) of the	
36	outstanding shares of any class of equity security of the	
37	applicant;	
38	warrant belief that the business will be operated honestly and fairly	
39	under this article. The department is entitled to request evidence of an	
40	applicant's financial responsibility, character, and fitness.	
41	(c) An application submitted under this section must indicate	

whether (1) any (A) members of the applicant, if the applicant is a



1	partnership or association; or (B) officers and directors of the applicant,
2	if the applicant is a corporation; individuals described in subsection
3	(b)(2) or $(b)(3)$ :
4	(1) are, at the time of the application, under indictment for a
5	felony involving fraud, deceit, or misrepresentation under the
6	laws of Indiana or any other jurisdiction; and or
7	(2) any: (A) members of the applicant, if the applicant is a
8	partnership or association; or (B) officers and directors of the
9	applicant, if the applicant is a corporation; have been convicted
10	of or pleaded guilty or nolo contendere to a felony involving
11	fraud, deceit, or misrepresentation under the laws of Indiana or
12	any other jurisdiction.
13	(d) The department may deny an application under this section if the
14	director of the department determines that the application was
15	submitted for the benefit of, or on behalf of, a person who does not
16	qualify for a license.
17	(e) Upon written request, an applicant is entitled to a hearing under
18	IC 4-21.5 on the question of the qualifications of the applicant for a
19	license.
20	SECTION 30. IC 28-1-29-7.5, AS ADDED BY P.L.217-2007,
21	SECTION 45, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
22	JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 7.5. (a) This section applies if, after a person has
23	been issued a license or renewal license under this chapter, any of the
24	following apply:
25	(1) Any (A) members of the licensee, if the licensee is a
26	partnership or association; or (B) officers and directors of the
27	licensee, if the licensee is a corporation; individuals described
28	in section 5(b)(2) or 5(b)(3) of this chapter are under indictment
29	for a felony involving fraud, deceit, or misrepresentation under
30	the laws of Indiana or any other jurisdiction.
31	(2) Any (A) members of the licensee, if the licensee is a
32	partnership or association; or (B) officers and directors of the
33	licensee, if the licensee is a corporation; individuals described
34	in section 5(b)(2) or 5(b)(3) of this chapter have been convicted
35	of or pleaded guilty or nolo contendere to a felony involving
36	fraud, deceit, or misrepresentation under the laws of Indiana or
37	any other jurisdiction.
38	(b) If this section applies, the licensee shall provide to the
39	department the information required under section 5(c) of this chapter:
40	(1) not later than thirty (30) days after any person described in
41	subsection (a):
42	(A) has been put on notice of the indictment; or



1	(B) has been convicted of or pleaded guilty or nolo contendere	
2	to the felony;	
3	whichever applies; or	
4	(2) if the licensee's next license renewal fee under section 3(c) of	
5	this chapter is due before the date described in subdivision (1),	
6	along with the licensee's next license renewal fee under section	
7	3(d) of this chapter.	
8	SECTION 31. IC 28-1-29-8, AS AMENDED BY P.L.217-2007,	
9	SECTION 46, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE	
10	JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 8. (a) A licensee shall deliver to every contract	1
11	debtor, at the time the contract is made, a copy of the contract, showing	,
12	the:	
13	(1) date executed;	
14	(2) rate of charge the licensee will impose;	
15	(3) initial set up fee;	
16	(4) cancellation fee;	(
17	(5) amount of debts claimed by the contract debtor to be due the	,
18	contract debtor's creditors;	
19	(6) total amount of fee to be assessed by the licensee, including	
20	the initial set up fee, but excluding the cancellation fee; and	
21	(7) total amount of debt to be repaid under the contract;	
22	and shall immediately notify all creditors of the licensee's and debtor's	
23	relationship. The contract shall specify the schedule of payments from	
24	the debtor under the debt program.	-
25	(b) A licensee licensee may take no fee unless a debt program or a	
26	finance program, or both, agreed upon by the licensee and the contract	
27	debtor, has been arranged. All creditors must be notified of the debtor's	1
28	and licensee's relationship. Acceptance of a program payment	
29	constitutes agreement by the creditor to the program.	1
30	(c) A licensee shall give to the contract debtor a dated receipt for	
31	each payment, at the time of the payment, unless the payment is made	
32	by check, money order, or direct deposit.	
33	(d) A licensee shall, upon cancellation by a contract debtor of the	
34	contract, notify immediately in writing all creditors of contract debtor.	
35	(e) A licensee shall maintain in the licensee's business such books,	
36	accounts, and records as will enable the department or the attorney	
37	general to determine whether such license is complying with this	
38	chapter. Such books, accounts, and records shall be preserved for at	
39	least three (3) years after making the final entry of any contract	
40	recorded therein. A licensee is subject to IC 28-1-2-30.5 with respect	
41	to any records maintained by the licensee.	
12	(f) A licensee may not, except as provided in subsection (g), receive	



a fee from the contract debtor for services in excess of fifteen percent (15%) of the amount of the debt payable to creditors that the debtor agrees to pay through the licensee, divided into equal monthly payments over the term of the contract. The total monthly amount of fees paid by the contract debtor to the licensee plus the fair share fees paid by the contract debtor's creditors to the licensee shall not exceed twenty percent (20%) of the monthly amount the debtor agrees to pay through the licensee. The accrual method of accounting shall apply to the creditor's fair share fees received by the licensee. The program fee may be charged for any one (1) month or part of a month. As a portion of the total fees and charges stated in the contract, the licensee may require the debtor to pay a maximum initial payment of fifty dollars (\$50). The initial payment must be deducted from the total contract fees and charges to determine the monthly amortizable amount for subsequent fees. Unless approved by the department, the licensee may not retain in the debtor's trust account, for charges, an amount greater than one (1) month's fee plus the close-out fee. Any fee charged by the licensee to the debtor under this section for services rendered by the licensee, other than the amount pursuant to subsection (g), is not considered a debt owed by the debtor to the licensee.

(g) Upon:

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- (1) cancellation of the contract by a contract debtor; or
- (2) termination of payments by a contract debtor; a licensee may not withhold for the licensee's own benefit, in addition to the amounts specified in subsection (f), more than one hundred dollars (\$100), which may be accrued as a close-out fee. The licensee may not charge the contract debtor more than one (1) set up fee or cancellation fee, or both, unless the contract debtor leaves the services of the licensee for more than six (6) months.
- (h) A licensee may not enter into a contract with a debtor unless a thorough, written budget analysis of the debtor indicates that the debtor can reasonably meet the payments required under a proposed debt program or finance program.
- (i) A licensee may not enter into a contract with a contract debtor for a period longer than twenty-four (24) months.
- (j) A licensee may provide services under this chapter in the same place of business in which another business is operating, or from which other products or services are sold, if the director issues a written determination that:
  - (1) the operation of the other business; or
- (2) the sale of other products and services; from the location in question is not contrary to the best interests of the











1	licensee's contract debtors.	
2	(k) A licensee without a physical location in Indiana may:	
3	(1) solicit sales of; and	
4	(2) sell;	
5	additional products and services to Indiana residents if the director	
6	issues a written determination that the proposed solicitation or sale is	
7	not contrary to the best interests of contract debtors.	
8	(l) A licensee may assess a charge not to exceed twenty-five	
9	dollars (\$25) for each return by a bank or other depository	_
10	institution of a dishonored check, negotiable order of withdrawal,	4
11	or share draft issued by the contract debtor.	
12	SECTION 32. IC 28-1-29-10, AS AMENDED BY P.L.57-2006,	
13	SECTION 35, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE	
14	JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 10. The department may examine all books,	
15	records, and accounts of any person doing business as a budget service	
16	debt management company at least once a year. The cost of such	4
17	examination will be paid by the company upon a fee basis fixed by the	
18	department under IC 28-11-3-5. The record keeping system of a	
19	licensee shall be made available in Indiana for examination. The	
20	department shall determine the sufficiency of the records and whether	
21	the licensee has made the required information reasonably available.	
22	For the purpose of discovering violations of this chapter and securing	
23	information necessary for the enforcement of this chapter, the	
24	department may investigate:	_
25	(1) a licensee; or	
26	(2) a person that the department suspects is operating without a	
27	valid license or in violation of this chapter.	
28	SECTION 33. IC 28-1-29-12, AS AMENDED BY P.L.217-2007,	
29	SECTION 48, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE	
30	JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 12. This chapter does not apply to any attorney at	
31	law authorized to practice in this state, or to any individual,	
32	partnership, association, limited liability company, or corporation doing	
33	business or operating in this state as a trust company or building and	
34	loan association, licensed lending institution, court appointed receivers,	
35	trustees in bankruptcy, or any not-for-profit corporation providing the	
36	services of a budget service debt management company which does	
37	not charge the debtor any fee for such services, other than fees that are:	

(1) incurred and documented by the person in the course of providing the services, such as fees for postage or fees paid to a third party; and

third party; and

(2) bona fide and reasonable, as may be defined by a policy or rule of the department.



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1	SECTION 34. IC 28-2-13-22.6 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA	
2	CODE AS A <b>NEW</b> SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS	
3	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 22.6. (a) As used in this chapter,	
4	"school" means:	
5	(1) an elementary school (as defined in IC 20-18-2-4); or	
6	(2) a secondary school (as defined in IC 20-18-2-18).	
7	The term includes a public school (as defined in IC 20-18-2-15) or	
8	a nonpublic school (as defined in IC 20-18-2-12).	
9	(b) A state bank is entitled to establish an intermittent facility	
10	on the premises of a school in Indiana for the purpose of offering	
11	limited account services as an educational tool for students.	
12	(c) The services that may be offered at an intermittent facility	
13	established under this section include:	
14	(1) the opening of accounts;	
15	(2) the acceptance of deposits; and	
16	(3) other services determined by the department.	
17	(d) To establish an intermittent facility under this section, a	
18	state bank is not required to submit an application to the	
19	department. However, before establishing an intermittent facility	
20	under this section, a state bank must:	
21	(1) obtain the written permission of:	
22	(A) the governing body of the school corporation, for a	
23	public school; or	
24	(B) the equivalent authority for a nonpublic school;	_
25	for the establishment and operation of the facility on the	
26	premises of the school; and	
27	(2) notify the department in writing of the intention of the	
28	state bank to establish the intermittent facility.	V
29	(e) A written notice provided to the department under	
30	subsection (d)(2) must:	
31	(1) be in the form; and	
32	(2) contain the information;	
33	prescribed by the department.	
34	(f) An intermittent facility operated by a state bank under this	
35	section:	
36	(1) may be operated only during the school year; and	
37	(2) must meet all other requirements of state law applying to	
38	state banks.	
39	SECTION 35. IC 28-2-14-18, AS AMENDED BY P.L.217-2007,	
40	SECTION 53, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE	
41	JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 18. (a) As used in this section, "affiliate" includes	
42	the following:	



1	(1) A financial institution.
2	(2) Any company that controls a financial institution and any
3	other company that is controlled by the company that controls a
4	financial institution.
5	(3) A bank subsidiary of a financial institution.
6	(4) Any company:
7	(A) that is controlled directly or indirectly, by a trust or
8	otherwise, by or for the benefit of shareholders who
9	beneficially or otherwise control, directly or indirectly, by trust
10	or otherwise, the financial institution or any company that
11	controls the financial institution; or
12	(B) in which a majority of the company's directors or trustees
13	constitute a majority of the persons holding any such office
14	with a financial institution or any company that controls the
15	financial institution.
16	(5) Any:
17	(A) company, including a real estate investment trust, that is
18	sponsored and advised on a contractual basis by the financial
19	institution or any subsidiary or affiliate of the financial
20	institution; or
21	(B) investment company with respect to which a financial
22	institution or any affiliate of a financial institution is an
23	investment advisor (as defined in section 2(a)(20) of the
24	Investment Company Act of 1940 (15 U.S.C. 80a)).
25	(6) Any company that the department determines by regulation or
26	order to have a relationship with the financial institution or any
27	subsidiary or affiliate of the financial institution, such that
28	covered transactions by the financial institution or its subsidiary
29	with that company may be affected by the relationship to the
30	detriment of the financial institution or its subsidiary.
31	(b) The term "affiliate" does not include the following:
32	(1) Any company engaged solely in holding the premises of the
33	financial institution.
34	(2) Any company engaged solely in conducting a safe deposit
35	business.
36	(3) Any company engaged solely in holding obligations of the
37	United States or its agencies or obligations fully guaranteed by the
38	United States or its agencies as to principal and interest.
39	(4) Any company whose control of a financial institution results
40	from the exercise of rights arising from a bona fide debt
41	previously contracted for. The exemption provided by this
42	subdivision applies only:



1	(A) for the period specifically authorized under applicable	
2	state or federal law or regulation; or	
3	(B) in the absence of a law or regulation described in clause	
4	(A), for a period of two (2) years after:	
5	(i) the date of the company's exercise of the rights arising	
6	from the debt; or	
7	(ii) the effective date of the company's action under item (i);	
8	whichever is later.	
9	Upon application by the company or the financial institution, the	
10	department may authorize, for good cause shown, an extension of	
11	the period of exemption allowed under this subdivision.	
12	Extensions granted by the department under this subdivision may	
13	not exceed three (3) years in total.	
14	(c) As used in this section, "financial institution" means any of the	
15	following that is organized or reorganized under the laws of the United	
16	States or any state (as defined in IC 28-2-17-19) and that has been	
17	granted fiduciary powers:	
18	(1) A bank.	
19	(2) A bank and trust company.	
20	(3) A savings bank.	
21	(4) A trust company.	
22	(5) A corporate fiduciary.	
23	(6) An industrial loan and investment company.	
24	(7) A savings association.	_
25	(8) A bank of discount and deposit.	
26	(9) A loan and trust and safe deposit company.	_
27	(d) As used in this section, "trust business" means all rights, powers,	
28	and duties granted to or imposed on a financial institution in the	Y
29	exercise of its fiduciary powers, including the following:	
30	(1) The authority to act as:	
31	(A) the administrator, coadministrator, executor, coexecutor,	
32	trustee, or cotrustee of or in respect to any estate or trust;	
33	(B) the guardian of any person or estate that is being	
34	administered under Indiana law;	
35	(C) an agent;	
36	(D) a custodian (including custodian under the Indiana	
37	Uniform Gifts to Minors Act); or	
38	(E) an attorney-in-fact.	
39	The authority conferred by this subdivision includes any other	
40	duties, powers, and appointments regularly administered by,	
41	granted to, or conferred upon trust departments established and	
42	maintained under IC 28-1-12-3(a) or the departments of national	



- banks and other financial institutions that are authorized to exercise fiduciary powers.
- (2) All rights, powers, and duties arising from having been named or designated in any capacity described in subdivision (1) in any will or other writing whenever executed, including wills and other writings naming the predecessor affiliate that are executed after the effective date of the resolution anticipated by subsection (e).
- (e) The board of directors of any bank holding company or other company that controls a financial institution may adopt a resolution to cause an affiliate it controls affiliated financial institution to succeed to part or all of the trust business of another affiliate it controls. If a financial institution is not controlled by another company, the board of directors of the financial institution may adopt a resolution to cause part or all of its trust business to succeed to an affiliate. affiliated financial institution. If the board of directors adopts such a resolution and files a certified copy of it as required by subsection (f), the successor affiliate becomes successor fiduciary in place of the predecessor affiliate with all the rights, powers, and duties that were granted to or imposed on the predecessor affiliate. The rights, powers, and duties vest in the successor affiliate, after the taking effect of the succession, irrespective of the date upon which the relation is established, and irrespective of the date of any related written agreement establishing the relationship or of the date of the death of any decedent whose estate is being so administered. Nothing done in connection with the succession effects a renunciation or revocation of any letters of administration or letters testamentary pertaining to the relation, nor does it effect a removal or resignation from the executorship, trusteeship, or other fiduciary relationship.
- (f) If a resolution is adopted under this section, the board of directors shall file a certified copy of the resolution with the department. The board of directors may file the copy in person or by certified mail. The effective date of the succession to part or all of the trust business, as set forth in the resolution, is the date provided in the resolution, which must not be before or more than thirty (30) days after the date of filing of the resolution. If the resolution provides no effective date, the effective date is the date of filing.

SECTION 36. IC 28-5-1-4, AS AMENDED BY P.L.141-2005, SECTION 9, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 4. (a) As used in this section:

"Automated teller facility" means electronic or mechanical equipment that performs routine transactions for the public at locations off premises of the principal office or branch office of a company that



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holds a certificate to engage in business under this chapter and that is authorized to issue, negotiate, and sell certificates of investment or indebtedness. "Branch" means any office, agency, mobile unit, messenger service, or other place of business at which: (1) payments into certificates of investment or indebtedness

- deposits are received;
- (2) checks, negotiable or transferable instruments or orders, or similar instruments, are paid; or
- (3) money is lent.

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However, the term does not include the principal office of a company or an automated teller facility.

"Financial institution" has the same meaning as in IC 28-1-1-3.

- (b) Any domestic corporation organized under the general corporation laws of Indiana may engage in business as an industrial loan and investment company subject to the limitations and restrictions set forth in this chapter. The department may issue a certificate authorizing a corporation to engage in business under this chapter after the department considers and investigates all the following:
  - (1) The financial standing and character of the incorporators, organizers, directors, principal shareholders, or controlling corporations.
  - (2) The character, qualifications, and experience of the officers and directors of the corporation.
  - (3) The future earnings prospects for the proposed corporation in the community in which the corporation will be located.
  - (4) The adequacy of the corporation's capital.
- If the department determines any of the factors described in subdivisions (1) through (4) unfavorably, the department may not issue a certificate authorizing the corporation to engage in business under this chapter. Certificates issued under this section must state whether the corporation is authorized to issue, negotiate, and sell certificates of investment or indebtedness, accept deposits and, if not, must provide that the corporation may do business under this article only as restricted by section 21 of this chapter.
- (c) Any company that is authorized to issue, negotiate, and sell certificates of investment or indebtedness accept deposits and that holds a certificate to engage in business under this chapter is entitled to establish one (1) or more branches de novo and one (1) or more branches by acquisition in any location or locations within Indiana, at which any business of the company may be transacted to the same extent as at the principal office of the company.







1 (d) As a condition to the establishment and operation of a branch or 2 branches under this section, the company must: 3 (1) obtain prior written approval of the department; 4 (2) operate each branch under the correct name of the company 5 and its name must contain in addition the word "branch"; and 6 (3) demonstrate that the applicant company will have adequate 7 capital, sound management, and adequate future earnings 8 prospects after the establishment of the branch. 9 (e) The location of the principal office or any branch established 10 under this section may be changed at any time when authorized by the 11 board of directors of the company and approved by the department. 12 (f) Any company desiring to open or establish one (1) or more 13 branches or change location of an existing branch or the principal 14 office must file a written application therefor, in such form and 15 containing such information as may be prescribed by the department. 16 If the department determines that the requirements of subsection (d) 17 have been satisfied, the department may in its discretion approve the 18 application. 19 (g) A company is entitled to open or establish an automated teller 20 facility in any location within Indiana or as permitted by the laws of the 21 state in which the automated teller machine is to be located. An 22 automated teller facility may be owned or operated individually by any 23 company or jointly on a cost sharing or fee basis. 24 (h) A branch by acquisition may be established under this section 25 only if done in compliance with applicable provisions of IC 28-1-7 or 26 IC 28-1-8. 27 (i) A company that is authorized to issue, negotiate, and sell 2.8 certificates of investment or indebtedness accept deposits and that 29 holds a certificate to engage in business under this chapter is entitled 30 to establish one (1) or more branches de novo and one (1) or more 31 branches by acquisition in any location outside Indiana. Any business 32 of the company may be transacted at a branch established under this 33 subsection to the same extent as at the principal office of the company, 34 subject to IC 28-2-18-19.

SECTION 37. IC 28-5-1-19 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 19. A company may not engage in the banking or trust business, operate a savings bank, commercial bank or trust company, advertise or hold itself out to the public as a bank, savings bank or trust company, or use the word "bank" in connection with its name or business in any of its advertising or literature. A company may not accept deposits or "savings accounts" or advertise or hold itself out to the public as accepting deposits of



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money or "savings accounts", unless the company maintains federal
deposit insurance, as authorized by section $6(a)(17)$ $6(a)(16)$ of this
chapter. A company may not advertise, print, display, publish,
distribute, or broadcast or cause or permit to be advertised, printed,
displayed, published, distributed, or broadcast, in any manner
whatsoever, any statement or representation with regard to the rates,
terms, or conditions for the lending of money, credit, goods, or things
in action which is false, misleading, or calculated to deceive. If any
company refers in any advertising matter to the rate of charge upon
loans to be made by it, the department may require such company to
state such rate of charge fully and clearly in such manner as it may
deem necessary to prevent misunderstanding thereof by prospective
borrowers. The department may order any company to desist from any
conduct which it shall find to be a violation of this section.

SECTION 38. IC 28-6.2-1-10.1 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A **NEW** SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2008]: **Sec. 10.1.** "Federal mutual holding company" means a mutual savings bank holding company that:

- (1) is organized or reorganized under the laws of the United States:
- (2) is regulated by the Office of Thrift Supervision or its successor; and
- (3) has control over a savings bank.

SECTION 39. IC 28-6.2-2-1.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 1.5. A mutual savings bank may, upon application to and with the approval by the department and the Office of Thrift Supervision, reorganize as a federal mutual holding company by undertaking a transaction or series of transactions substantially similar to those set forth in section 1 of this chapter.

SECTION 40. IC 28-7-1-0.5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.217-2007, SECTION 63, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 0.5. The following definitions apply throughout this chapter:

- (1) "Automated teller machine" (ATM) means a piece of unmanned electronic or mechanical equipment that performs routine financial transactions for authorized individuals.
- (2) "Branch office" means an office, agency, or other place of business at which deposits are received, share drafts are paid, or money is lent to members of a credit union. The term does not include:

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1	(A) the principal office of a credit union;	
2	(B) the principal office of a credit union affiliate;	
3	(C) a branch office of a credit union affiliate;	
4	(D) an automated teller machine; or	
5	(E) a night depository.	
6	(3) "Credit union" is a cooperative, nonprofit association,	
7	incorporated under this chapter, for the purposes of educating its	
8	members in the concepts of thrift and to encourage savings among	
9	its members. A credit union should provide a source of credit at	
10	a fair and reasonable rate of interest and provide an opportunity	
11	for its members to use and control their own money in order to	
12	improve their economic and social condition.	
13	(4) "Department" refers to the department of financial institutions.	
14	(5) "Surplus" means the credit balance of undivided earnings after	
15	losses. The term does not include statutory reserves.	
16	(6) "Unimpaired shares" means paid in shares less any losses for	
17	which no reserve exists and for which there is no charge against	
18	undivided earnings.	
19	(7) "Related credit union service organization" means, in	
20	reference to a credit union, a credit union service organization in	
21	which the credit union has invested under section 9(3)(J) of this	
22	chapter.	
23	(8) "Premises" means any office, branch office, suboffice, service	
24	center, parking lot, real estate, or other facility where the credit	
25	union transacts or will transact business.	
26	(9) "Furniture, fixtures, and equipment" means office furnishings,	
27	office machines, computer hardware, computer software,	
28	automated terminals, and heating and cooling equipment.	
29	(10) "Fixed assets" means:	
30	(A) premises; and	
31	(B) furniture, fixtures, and equipment.	
32	(11) "Audit period" means a twelve (12) month period designated	
33	by the board of directors of a credit union.	
34	(12) "Community" means:	
35	(A) a second class city;	
36	(B) a third class city;	
37	(C) a town;	
38	(D) a county other than a county containing a consolidated	
39	city;	
40	(E) a census tract;	
41	(F) a township; or	
12	(G) any other municipal corporation (as defined in	



1	IC 36-1-2-10).	
2	(13) "Control of a related interest" refers to a situation in which	
3	an individual directly or indirectly, or through or in concert with	
4	one (1) or more other individuals, possesses any of the following:	
5	(A) The ownership of, control of, or power to vote at least	
6	twenty-five percent (25%) of any class of voting securities of	
7	the related interest.	
8	(B) The control in any manner of the election of a majority of	
9	the directors of the related interest.	
10	(C) The power to exercise a controlling influence over the	- 1
11	management or policies of the related interest. For purposes of	
12	this clause, an individual is presumed to have control,	
13	including the power to exercise a controlling influence over	
14	the management or policies of a related interest, if the	
15	individual:	
16	(i) is an executive officer or a director of the related interest	1
17	and directly or indirectly owns, controls, or has the power to	
18	vote more than ten percent (10%) of any class of voting	
19	securities of the related interest; or	
20	(ii) directly or indirectly owns, controls, or has the power to	
21	vote more than ten percent (10%) of any class of voting	
22	securities of the related interest and no other person owns,	
23	controls, or has the power to vote a greater percentage of	
24	that class of voting securities.	•
25	(14) "Executive officer" includes any of the following officers of	
26	a credit union:	_
27	(A) The chairman of the board of directors.	1
28	(B) The president.	
29	(C) A vice president.	1
30	(D) The cashier.	
31	(E) The secretary.	
32	(F) The treasurer.	
33	(15) "Immediate family", for purposes of section 17.1 of this	
34	chapter, means the spouse of an individual, the individual's minor	
35	children, and any of the individual's children, including adults,	
36	residing in the individual's home.	
37	(16) "Officer" means any individual who participates or has the	
38	authority to participate in major policymaking functions of a	
39	credit union, regardless of whether:	
40	(A) the individual has an official title;	
41	(B) the individual's title designates the individual as an	
42	assistant; or	



1	(C) the individual is serving without salary or other	
2	compensation.	
3	(17) "Related interest", with respect to an individual, means:	
4	(A) a partnership, a corporation, or another business	
5	organization that is controlled by the individual; or	
6	(B) a political campaign committee:	
7	(i) controlled by the individual; or	
8	(ii) the funds or services of which benefit the individual.	
9	(18) Except as provided in section 9(3)(J) of this chapter,	
10	"unimpaired "capital and unimpaired surplus" means the sum of:	
11	(A) undivided profits;	
12	(B) reserve for contingencies;	
13	(C) regular reserve; and	
14	(D) allowance for loan and lease losses.	
15	SECTION 41. IC 28-7-1-9, AS AMENDED BY P.L.217-2007,	
16	SECTION 64, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE	
17	JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 9. A credit union has the following powers:	
18	(1) To issue shares of its capital stock to its members. No	
19	commission or compensation shall be paid for securing members	
20	or for the sale of shares.	
21	(2) To make loans to officers, directors, or committee members	
22	under section 17.1 of this chapter.	
23	(3) To invest in any of the following:	
24	(A) Bonds, notes, or certificates that are the direct or indirect	
25	obligations of the United States, or of the state, or the direct	
26	obligations of a county, township, city, town, or other taxing	
27	district or municipality or instrumentality of Indiana and that	
28	are not in default.	V
29	(B) Bonds or debentures issued by the Federal Home Loan	
30	Bank Act (12 U.S.C. 1421 through 1449) or the Home Owners'	
31	Loan Act (12 U.S.C. 1461 through 1468).	
32	(C) Interest-bearing obligations of the FSLIC Resolution Fund	
33	and obligations of national mortgage associations issued under	
34	the authority of the National Housing Act.	
35	(D) Mortgages on real estate situated in Indiana which are	
36	fully insured under Title 2 of the National Housing Act (12	
37	U.S.C. 1707 through 1715z).	
38	(E) Obligations issued by farm credit banks and banks for	
39	cooperatives under the Farm Credit Act of 1971 (12 U.S.C.	
40	2001 through 2279aa-14).	
41	(F) In savings and loan associations, other credit unions that	
42	are insured under IC 28-7-1-31.5, and certificates of	



1	indebtedness or investment of an industrial loan and
2	investment company if the association or company is federally
3	insured. Not more than twenty percent (20%) of the assets of
4	a credit union may be invested in the shares or certificates of
5	an association or company; nor more than forty percent (40%)
6	in all such associations and companies.
7	(G) Corporate credit unions.
8	(H) Federal funds or similar types of daily funds transactions
9	with other financial institutions.
10	(I) Mutual funds created and controlled by credit unions, credit
11	union associations, or their subsidiaries. Mutual funds referred
12	to in this clause may invest only in instruments that are
13	approved for credit union purchase under this chapter.
14	(J) Shares, stocks, or obligations of any credit union service
15	organization (as defined in Section 712 of the Rules and
16	Regulations of the National Credit Union Administration) with
17	the approval of the department. Not more than ten percent
18	(10%) of the total paid in and unimpaired capital and surplus
19	and unimpaired shares of the credit union may be invested
20	under this clause. However, a credit union may invest more
21	than ten percent (10%) of the total paid in and unimpaired
22	capital and surplus and unimpaired shares with the prior
23	approval of the department. For purposes of this clause,
24	"unimpaired capital and unimpaired shares" has the meaning
25	set forth in 12 CFR 700.2.
26	(K) For a credit union that is well capitalized (as defined in
27	Section 702 of the Rules and Regulations of the National
28	Credit Union Administration), investment securities, as may
29	be defined by a policy or rule of the department and subject to
30	the following:
31	(i) The department may prescribe, by policy or rule,
32	limitations or restrictions on a credit union's investment in
33	investment securities.
34	(ii) The total amount of any investment securities purchased
35	or held by a credit union may never exceed at any given time
36	ten percent (10%) of the unimpaired capital and surplus of
37	the credit union. However, the limitations imposed by this
38	item do not apply to investments in the direct or indirect
39	obligations of the United States or in the direct obligations
40	of a United States territory or insular possession, or in the
41	direct obligations of the state or any municipal corporation



or taxing district in Indiana.

1	(iii) A credit union may not purchase for its own account
2	any bond, note, or other evidence of indebtedness that is
3	commonly designated as a security that is speculative in
4	character or that has speculative characteristics. For the
5	purposes of this item, a security is speculative or has
6	speculative characteristics if at the time of purchase the
7	security is in default or is rated below the first four (4) rating
8	classes by a generally recognized security rating service.
9	(iv) A credit union may purchase for its own account a
10	security that is not rated by a generally recognized security
11	rating service if the credit union at the time of purchase
12	obtains financial information that is adequate to document
13	the investment quality of the security.
14	(v) A credit union that purchases a security for its own
15	account shall maintain sufficient records of the security to
16	allow the security to be properly identified by the
17	department for examination purposes.
18	(vi) Except as otherwise authorized by this title, a credit
19	union may not purchase any share of stock of a corporation.
20	(L) Collateralized obligations that are eligible for purchase and
21	sale by federal credit unions. However, a credit union may
22	purchase for its own account and sell the obligations only to
23	the extent that a federal credit union can purchase and sell
24	those obligations.
25	(4) To deposit its funds into:
26	(A) depository institutions that are federally insured; or
27	(B) state chartered credit unions that are privately insured by
28	an insurer approved by the department.
29	(5) To purchase, hold, own, or convey real estate as may be
30	conveyed to the credit union in satisfaction of debts previously
31	contracted or in exchange for real estate conveyed to the credit
32	union.
33	(6) To own, hold, or convey real estate as may be purchased by
34	the credit union upon judgment in its favor or decrees of
35	foreclosure upon mortgages.
36	(7) To issue shares of stock and upon the terms, conditions,
37	limitations, and restrictions and with the relative rights as may be
38	stated in the bylaws of the credit union, but no stock may have
39	preference or priority over the other to share in the assets of the
40	credit union upon liquidation or dissolution or for the payment of

dividends except as to the amount of the dividends and the time

for the payment of the dividends as provided in the bylaws.



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1	(8) To charge the member's share account for the actual cost of a
2	necessary locator service when the member has failed to keep the
3	credit union informed about the member's current address. The
4	charge shall be made only for amounts paid to a person or concern
5	normally engaged in providing such service, and shall be made
6	against the account or accounts of any one (1) member not more
7	than once in any twelve (12) month period.
8	(9) To transfer to an accounts payable account, a dormant
9	account, or a special account share accounts which have been
10	inactive, except for dividend credits, for a period of at least two
11	(2) years. The credit union shall not consider the payment of
12	dividends on the transferred account.
13	(10) To invest in fixed assets with the funds of the credit union.
14	An investment in fixed assets in excess of five percent (5%) of its
15	assets is subject to the approval of the department.
16	(11) To establish branch offices, upon approval of the department,
17	provided that all books of account shall be maintained at the
18	principal office.
19	(12) To pay an interest refund on loans proportionate to the
20	interest paid during the dividend period by borrowers who are
21	members at the end of the dividend period.
22	(13) To purchase life savings and loan protection insurance for
23	the benefit of the credit union and its members, if:
24	(A) the coverage is placed with an insurance company licensed
25	to do business in Indiana; and
26	(B) no officer, director, or employee of the credit union
27	personally benefits, directly or indirectly, from the sale or
28	purchase of the coverage.
29	(14) To sell and cash negotiable checks, travelers checks, and
30	money orders for members.
31	(15) To purchase members' notes from any liquidating credit
32	union, with written approval from the department, at prices agreed
33	upon by the boards of directors of both the liquidating and the
34	purchasing credit unions. However, the aggregate of the unpaid
35	balances of all notes of liquidating credit unions purchased by any
36	one (1) credit union shall not exceed ten percent (10%) of its
37	unimpaired the purchasing credit union's capital and surplus
38	unless special written authorization has been granted by the
39	department.
40	(16) To exercise such incidental powers necessary or requisite to

enable it to carry on effectively the business for which it is



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incorporated.

1	(17) To act as a custodian or trustee of any trust created or	
2	organized in the United States and forming part of a tax	
3	advantaged savings plan which qualifies or qualified for specific	
4	tax treatment under Section 223, 401(d), 408, 408A, or 530 of the	
5	Internal Revenue Code, if the funds of the trust are invested only	
6	in share accounts or insured certificates of the credit union.	
7	(18) To issue shares of its capital stock or insured certificates to	
8	a trustee or custodian of a pension plan, profit sharing plan, or	
9	stock bonus plan which qualifies for specific tax treatment under	
10	Sections 401(d) or 408(a) of the Internal Revenue Code.	4
11	(19) A credit union may exercise any rights and privileges that	
12	are:	
13	(A) granted to federal credit unions; but	
14	(B) not authorized for credit unions under the Indiana Code	
15	(except for this section) or any rule adopted under the Indiana	
16	Code;	4
17	if the credit union complies with section 9.2 of this chapter.	
18	(20) To sell, pledge, or discount any of its assets. However, a	`
19	credit union may not pledge any of its assets as security for the	
20	safekeeping and prompt payment of any money deposited, except	
21	that a credit union may, for the safekeeping and prompt payment	
22	of money deposited, give security as authorized by federal law.	
23	(21) To purchase assets of another credit union and to assume the	
24	liabilities of the selling credit union.	
25	(22) To act as a fiscal agent of the United States and to receive	
26	deposits from nonmember units of the federal, state, or county	
27	governments, from political subdivisions, and from other credit	V
28	unions upon which the credit union may pay varying interest rates	1
29	at varying maturities subject to terms, rates, and conditions that	
30	are established by the board of directors. However, the total	
31	amount of public funds received from units of state and county	
32	governments and political subdivisions that a credit union may	
33	have on deposit may not exceed twenty percent (20%) of the total	
34	assets of that credit union, excluding those public funds.	
35	(23) To join the National Credit Union Administration Central	
36	Liquidity Facility.	
37	(24) To participate in community investment initiatives under the	
38	administration of organizations:	
39	(A) exempt from taxation under Section 501(c)(3) of the	
40	Internal Revenue Code; and	
41	(B) located or conducting activities in communities in which	
42	the credit union does business.	



1	Participation may be in the form of either charitable contributions
2	or participation loans. In either case, disbursement of funds
3	through the administering organization is not required to be
4	limited to members of the credit union. Total contributions or
5	participation loans may not exceed one tenth of one percent
6	(0.001) of total assets of the credit union. A recipient of a
7	contribution or loan is not considered qualified for credit union
8	membership. A contribution or participation loan made under this
9	subdivision must be approved by the board of directors.
10	(25) To establish and operate an automated teller machine
11	(ATM):
12	(A) at any location within Indiana; or
13	(B) as permitted by the laws of the state in which the
14	automated teller machine is to be located.
15	(26) To demand and receive, for the faithful performance and
16	discharge of services performed under the powers vested in the
17	credit union by this article:
18	(A) reasonable compensation, or compensation as fixed by
19	agreement of the parties;
20	(B) all advances necessarily paid out and expended in the
21	discharge and performance of its duties; and
22	(C) unless otherwise agreed upon, interest at the legal rate on
23	the advances referred to in clause (B).
24	(27) Subject to any restrictions the department may impose, to
25	become the owner or lessor of personal property acquired upon
26	the request and for the use of a member and to incur additional
27	obligations as may be incident to becoming an owner or lessor of
28	such property.
29	SECTION 42. IC 28-7-1-17.1, AS ADDED BY P.L.141-2005,
30	SECTION 17, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
31	JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 17.1. (a) Subject to subsection (b), A credit union
32	may make a loan to the credit union's individual officers, directors and
33	committee members under the following terms and conditions:
34	(1) The loan must comply with all requirements under this chapter
35	that apply to loans made to other borrowers.
36	(2) The loan may not be on terms more favorable than those
37	extended to other borrowers.
38	(3) The borrower may not:
39	(A) take part in the consideration of; or
40	(B) vote on;
41	the borrower's loan application.
42	(4) Except as provided in subsection (b), a credit union may not



1	make a loan under this section to an individual, the individual's
2	immediate family, or the individual's related interests if the
3	amount of the loan, either by itself or when added to the amounts
4	of all other loans made under this section to the individual, the
5	individual's immediate family, or the individual's related interests,
6	exceeds the greater of:
7	(A) five percent (5%) of the credit union's unimpaired capital
8	and surplus; or
9	(B) twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000);
10	unless the loan is first approved by the credit union's board of
11	directors.
12	(5) A credit union may not make a loan under this section to an
13	individual, the individual's immediate family, or the individual's
14	related interests if the amount of the loan, either by itself or when
15	added to the amounts of all other loans made under this section to
16	the individual, the individual's immediate family, or the
17	individual's related interests, exceeds the lending limits set forth
18	in IC 28-7-1-39.
19	(6) Subject to subsection (b), The total amount of all loans made
20	under this section may not exceed the credit union's unimpaired
21	capital and surplus. However, the limit set forth in this
22	subdivision does not apply to either of the following:
23	(A) A loan, in any amount, secured by a perfected security
24	interest in bonds, notes, certificates of indebtedness, or
25	treasury bills of the United States or in other obligations
26	fully guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United
27	States.
28	(B) A loan, in any amount, secured by a perfected security
29	interest in a segregated deposit account in the lending
30	credit union.
31	(b) The limits set forth in subsections Approval by the board of
32	directors under subsection (a)(4) and $\frac{(a)(6)}{(a)(6)}$ do not apply to any of the
33	following: (1) is not required for an extension of credit made under
34	a line of credit approved under subsection (a)(4) if the extension of
35	credit is made not later than fourteen (14) months after the line of
36	credit was approved.
37	(2) A loan, in any amount, to finance the education of an
38	<del>individual's child.</del>
39	(3) A loan, in any amount, to finance or refinance the purchase,
40	construction, maintenance, or improvement of a residence of the
41	<del>individual. if:</del>

(A) the loan is secured by a first lien on the residence and the



1	residence is owned, or will be owned after the loan is made, by
2	the individual; and
3	(B) in the case of a refinancing, the loan includes only the
4	amount used to repay the original loan, plus any closing costs
5	and any additional amount used for any purpose described in
6	this subdivision.
7	(4) A loan, in any amount, secured by a perfected security interest
8	in bonds, notes, certificates of indebtedness, or treasury bills of
9	the United States or in other obligations fully guaranteed as to
10	principal and interest by the United States.
11	(5) A loan, in any amount, secured by a perfected security interest
12	in a segregated deposit account in the lending credit union.
13	(6) A loan made to an individual, the individual's immediate
14	family, or the individual's related interests, for any other purpose,
15	if the total amount of loans to the individual, the individual's
16	immediate family, or the individual's related interests under this
17	section does not exceed, at any given time, the greater of:
18	(A) two and one-half percent (2.5%) of the credit union's
19	unimpaired capital and unimpaired surplus; or
20	(B) twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000);
21	but in no event more than one hundred thousand dollars
22	<del>(\$100,000).</del>
23	(c) At least quarterly, the president or manager shall prepare and
24	deliver to the board of directors a report listing the outstanding
25	indebtedness of all officers, directors, and committee members. A
26	report prepared under this subsection must be retained at the credit
27	union for three (3) years and shall not be filed with the department
28	unless specifically requested. A report required by this subsection must
29	<del>include:</del>
30	(1) the amount of each indebtedness; and
31	(2) a description of the terms and conditions of each loan,
32	including:
33	(A) the interest rate;
34	(B) the original amount and date of the loan;
35	(C) the maturity date;
36	(D) payment terms;
37	(E) security, if any; and
38	(F) any unusual term or condition of a particular extension of
39	<del>credit.</del>
40	(d) (c) The department may apply the provisions of 12 CFR 215
41	(Regulation O) in applying and administering this section.
42	SECTION 43. IC 28-7-1-17.2 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA



1	CODE AS A <b>NEW</b> SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS	
2	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 17.2. (a) A credit union may make	
3	a loan to the credit union's individual officers under the following	
4	terms and conditions:	
5	(1) The loan must comply with all requirements under this	
6	chapter that apply to loans made to other borrowers.	
7	(2) The loan may not be on terms more favorable than those	
8	extended to other borrowers unless the loan is made in	
9	connection with a benefit or compensation plan that:	
10	(A) is widely available to employees of the credit union;	
11	and	
12	(B) does not give preference to any officers of the credit	
13	union over other employees of the credit union.	
14	(3) The loan must be promptly reported to the credit union's	
15	board of directors.	
16	(4) A loan to the officer, the officer's immediate family, or the	
17	officer's related interests, either by itself or when added to the	
18	amounts of all other loans made under this section to the	
19	officer, the officer's immediate family, or the officer's related	
20	interests, for any purpose, may not exceed, at any given time,	
21	the greater of:	
22	(A) two and one-half percent (2.5%) of the credit union's	
23	capital and unimpaired surplus; or	
24	(B) twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000);	_
25	but in no event more than one hundred thousand dollars	
26	(\$100,000).	_
27	(b) The limits set forth in subsection (a)(4) do not apply to any	
28	of the following:	•
29	(1) An extension of credit made under a line of credit	
30	approved under this section if the extension of credit is made	
31	not later than fourteen (14) months after the line of credit was	
32	approved.	
33	(2) A loan, in any amount, to finance the education of an	
34	officer's child.	
35 36	(3) A loan, in any amount, to finance or refinance the	
	purchase, construction, maintenance, or improvement of a	
37	residence of an officer, if:  (A) the loop is goodwad by a first liep on the residence and	
38	(A) the loan is secured by a first lien on the residence and	
39 40	the residence is owned, or will be owned after the loan is	
40 41	made, by the officer; and  (R) in the case of a refinancing, the loan includes only the	
	(B) in the case of a refinancing, the loan includes only the	
42	amount used to repay the original loan, plus any closing	



1	costs and any additional amount used for any purpose
2	described in this subdivision.
3	(4) A loan, in any amount, secured by a perfected security
4	interest in bonds, notes, certificates of indebtedness, or
5	treasury bills of the United States or in other obligations fully
6	guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States.
7	(5) A loan, in any amount, secured by a perfected security
8	interest in a segregated deposit account in the lending credit
9	union.
10	(c) A credit union may not make a loan under this section to an
11	officer, the officer's immediate family, or the officer's related
12	interests if the amount of the loan, either by itself or when added
13	to the amounts of all other loans made under this section to the
14	officer, the officer's immediate family, or the officer's related
15	interests, exceeds the lending limits set forth in IC 28-7-1-39.
16	(d) The department may apply the provisions of 12 CFR 215
17	(Regulation O) in applying and administering this section.
18	SECTION 44. IC 28-7-1-17.3 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
19	CODE AS A <b>NEW</b> SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS
20	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 17.3. At least quarterly, the
21	president or manager shall prepare and deliver to the board of
22	directors a report listing the outstanding indebtedness of all
23	officers, directors, and committee members. A report prepared
24	under this subsection must be retained at the credit union for three
25	(3) years and shall not be filed with the department unless
26	specifically requested. A report required by this section must
27	include:
28	(1) the amount of each indebtedness; and
29	(2) a description of the terms and conditions of each loan,
30	including:
31	(A) the interest rate;
32	(B) the original amount and date of the loan;
33	(C) the maturity date;
34	(D) payment terms;
35	(E) security, if any; and
36	(F) any unusual term or condition of a particular extension
37	of credit.
38	SECTION 45. IC 28-7-1-22 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
39	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 22. A credit union may
40	borrow from any source. The total borrowing of a credit union may not
41	at any time exceed fifty per cent (50%) of the unimpaired shares



capital and surplus and reserve fund of the credit union.

1	SECTION 46. IC 28-7-1-39, AS AMENDED BY P.L.1-2006,
2	SECTION 493, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
3	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 39. (a) As used in this section,
4	"loans and extensions of credit" includes all direct or indirect advances
5	of funds made to a member on the basis of:
6	(1) an obligation of the member to repay the funds; or
7	(2) a pledge of specific property by or on behalf of the member
8	and from which the funds advanced are repayable.
9	The term includes any contractual liability of a credit union to advance
10	funds to or on behalf of a member, to the extent specified by the
11	department.
12	(b) As used in this section, "member" includes an individual, a sole
13	proprietorship, a partnership, a joint venture, an association, a trust, an
14	estate, a business trust, a limited liability company, a corporation, a
15	sovereign government, or an agency, instrumentality, or political
16	subdivision of a sovereign government, or any similar entity or
17	organization.
18	(c) Except as provided in subsection (e), the total loans and
19	extensions of credit by a credit union to a member outstanding at any
20	given time and not fully secured, as determined in a manner consistent
21	with subsection (d), by collateral with a market value at least equal to
22	the amount of the loan or extension of credit may not exceed fifteen
23	percent (15%) of the unimpaired capital and unimpaired surplus of the
24	credit union.
25	(d) Except as provided in subsection (e), the total loans and
26	extensions of credit by a credit union to a member outstanding at any
27	given time and fully secured by readily marketable collateral having a
28	market value, as determined by reliable and continuously available
29	price quotations, at least equal to the amount of funds outstanding may
30	not exceed ten percent (10%) of the unimpaired capital and unimpaired
31	surplus of the credit union. The limitation in this subsection is separate
32	from and in addition to the limitation set forth in subsection (c).
33	(e) The limitations set forth in subsections (c) and (d) are subject to
34	the following exceptions:
35	(1) Loans or extensions of credit arising from the discount of
36	commercial or business paper evidencing an obligation to the
37	member negotiating it with recourse are not subject to any
38	limitation based on capital and surplus.
39	(2) The purchase of bankers' acceptances of the kind described in

12 U.S.C. 372 and issued by a financial institution organized or

reorganized under the laws of Indiana or any other state or the United States are not subject to any limitation based on capital



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1	and surplus.
2	(3) Loans or extensions of credit secured by bills of lading,
3	warehouse receipts, or similar documents transferring or securing
4	title to readily marketable staples are subject to a limitation of
5	thirty-five percent (35%) of capital and surplus in addition to the
6	general limitations if the market value of the staples securing each
7	additional loan or extension of credit at all times equals or
8	exceeds one hundred fifteen percent (115%) of the outstanding
9	amount of the loan or extension of credit. The staples shall be
10	fully covered by insurance whenever it is customary to insure
11	such staples.
12	(4) Loans or extensions of credit secured by bonds, notes,
13	certificates of indebtedness, or Treasury bills of the United States
14	or by any other obligation fully guaranteed as to principal and
15	interest by the United States are not subject to any limitation
16	based on capital and surplus.
17	(5) Loans or extensions of credit to or secured by unconditional
18	takeout commitment or guarantees of any department, agency,
19	bureau, board, commission, or establishment of the United States
20	or any corporation wholly owned directly or indirectly by the
21	United States are not subject to any limitation based on capital
22	and surplus.
23	(6) Loans or extensions of credit secured by a segregated deposit
24	account in the lending credit union are not subject to any
25	limitation based on capital and surplus.
26	(7) Loans or extensions of credit to any credit union, when the
27	loans or extensions of credit are approved by the director of the
28	department, are not subject to any limitation based on capital and
29	surplus.
30	(8) Loans or extensions of credit to the Student Loan Marketing
31	Association are not subject to any limitation based on capital and
32	surplus.
33	(f) Loans or extensions of credit arising from the discount of
34	negotiable or nonnegotiable installment consumer paper that carries a
35	full recourse endorsement or unconditional guarantee by the member
36	transferring the paper are subject under this section to a maximum
37	limitation equal to twenty-five percent (25%) of the capital and surplus,
38	notwithstanding the collateral requirements set forth in subsection (d).
39	(g) If the credit union's files or the knowledge of the credit union's

officers of the financial condition of each maker of consumer paper

described in subsection (f) is reasonably adequate, and an officer of the credit union designated for that purpose by the board of directors of the





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credit union certifies in writing that the credit union is relying primarily upon the responsibility of each maker for payment of the loans or extensions of credit and not upon any full or partial recourse endorsement or guarantee by the transferor, the limitations of this section as to the loans or extensions of credit of each maker shall be the sole applicable loan limitations.

- (h) Loans or extensions of credit secured by shipping documents or instruments transferring or securing title covering livestock or giving a lien on livestock when the market value of the livestock securing the obligation is not at any time less than one hundred fifteen percent (115%) of the face amount of the note covered are subject under this section, notwithstanding the collateral requirements set forth in subsection (d), to a maximum limitation equal to twenty-five percent (25%) of the capital and surplus.
- (i) Loans or extensions of credit that arise from the discount by dealers in dairy cattle of paper given in payment for dairy cattle, which paper carries a full recourse endorsement or unconditional guarantee of the seller and that are secured by the cattle being sold, are subject under this section, notwithstanding the collateral requirements set forth in subsection (d), to a limitation of twenty-five percent (25%) of the capital and surplus.
- (j) Except as otherwise provided, an officer, director, employee, or attorney of a credit union who stipulates for, receives, or consents or agrees to receive, any fee, commission, gift, or thing of value, from any person, for the purpose of procuring or endeavoring to procure for any member any loan from or the purchase or discount of any paper, note, draft, check, or bill of exchange by the credit union, commits a Class A misdemeanor.
- (k) Except as otherwise provided in this chapter, any credit union that holds obligations of indebtedness in violation of the limitations prescribed in this section shall, not later than July 1, 2006, cause the amount of the obligations to conform to the limitations prescribed by this chapter and by the provisions of this section. The department may, in its discretion, extend the time for effecting this conformity, in individual instances, if the interests of the depositors will be protected and served by an extension. Upon the failure of a credit union to comply with the limitations, in accordance with this section or in accordance with any order of the department concerning the limitations, the department may declare that the credit union is conducting its business in an unauthorized or unsafe manner and proceed in accordance with IC 28-1-3.1-2.
  - (1) The department may apply the provisions of 12 CFR 32 in the



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application and administration of this chapter.

SECTION 47. IC 28-7-5-2, AS AMENDED BY P.L.57-2006, SECTION 38, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 2. In this chapter, unless the context otherwise requires:

"Director" refers to the director of the department.

"Pawnbroker" means any person, partnership, association, **limited liability company**, or corporation lending money on the deposit or pledge of personal property, or who deals in the purchase of personal property on the condition of selling the property back again at a stipulated price, other than choses in action, securities, or printed evidence of indebtedness.

"Pledge" means personal property deposited with a pawnbroker as security for a loan.

"Pledger" means the person who delivers personal property into the possession of a pawnbroker as security for a loan unless such person discloses that the person is or was acting for another; and in such event "pledger" means the disclosed principal.

"Department" means the department of financial institutions.

"Person" means an any individual, a firm, an association, a limited liability company, a sole proprietorship, partnership, a joint stock association, a trust, or a joint venture, corporation, unincorporated organization, or other form of entity, however organized.

"Month" means a period extending from a given date in one (1) calendar month to the like date in the succeeding calendar month or, if there is no such like date, then to the last day of the succeeding calendar month. For purposes of this chapter, each month is considered to have thirty (30) days.

SECTION 48. IC 28-7-5-3 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 3. No person or entity shall engage in business as a pawnbroker, act as a pawnbroker, transact or solicit business as a pawnbroker, or use in an advertisement a word or statement that states or represents that the person or entity is a pawnbroker, except as authorized by this chapter and without first obtaining a license from the department.

SECTION 49. IC 28-7-5-4, AS AMENDED BY P.L.217-2007, SECTION 68, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 4. (a) Application for a pawnbroker's license shall be submitted on a form prescribed by the department and must include all information required by the department. An application submitted under this section must identify the location or locations at which the applicant proposes to engage in business as a pawnbroker in Indiana.

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1	If any business, other than the business of acting as a pawnbroker under
2	this chapter, will be conducted by the applicant or another person at
3	any location identified under this subsection, the applicant shall
4	indicate for each location at which another business will be conducted:
5	(1) the nature of the other business;
6	(2) the name under which the other business operates;
7	(3) the address of the principal office of the other business;
8	(4) the name and address of the business's resident agent in
9	Indiana; and
10	(5) any other information the director may require.
11	(b) An application submitted under this section must indicate
12	whether (1) the applicant any individual described in section 8(a)(2)
13	or 8(a)(3) of this chapter at the time of the application:
14	(1) is under indictment for a felony involving fraud, deceit, or
15	misrepresentation under the laws of Indiana or any other
16	jurisdiction; or
17	(2) has been convicted of or pleaded guilty or nolo contendere to
18	a felony involving fraud, deceit, or misrepresentation under the
19	laws of Indiana or any other jurisdiction.
20	(c) The director may request that the applicant provide evidence of
21	compliance with this section at:
22	(1) the time of application;
23	(2) the time of renewal of a license; or
24	(3) any other time considered necessary by the director.
25	(d) For purposes of subsection (c), evidence of compliance with this
26	section may include:
27	(1) criminal background checks, including a national criminal
28	history background check (as defined in IC 10-13-3-12) by the
29	Federal Bureau of Investigation for any individual described in
30	subsection (b);
31	(2) credit histories; and
32	(3) other background checks considered necessary by the director.
33	If the director requests a national criminal history background
34	check under subdivision (1) for a person described in that
35	subdivision, the director shall require the individual to submit
36	fingerprints to the department or to the state police department, as
37	appropriate, at the time evidence of compliance is requested under
38	subsection (c). The individual to whom the request is made shall
39	pay any fees or costs associated with the fingerprints and the
40	national criminal history background check. The national criminal

history background check may be used by the director to determine the individual's compliance with this section. The



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1	director or the department may not release the results of the
2	national criminal history background check to any private entity.
3	SECTION 50. IC 28-7-5-8, AS AMENDED BY P.L.57-2006,
4	SECTION 41, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
5	JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 8. (a) Upon an applicant's filing of the application
6	required by section 4 of this chapter and payment of the license fee, if
7	the department finds the financial standing, competence, business
8	experience, and character of:
9	(1) the applicant and any significant affiliate of the applicant;
10	(2) each executive officer, director, or manager of the
11	applicant, or any other individual having a similar status or
12	performing a similar function for the applicant; and
13	(3) if known, each person directly or indirectly owning of
14	record or owning beneficially at least ten percent (10%) of the
15	outstanding shares of any class of equity security of the
16	applicant;
17	are such that the business will be operated honestly, fairly, and
18	efficiently and that the convenience and needs of the public exist for
19	the operation of the business in the community wherein the applicant
20	proposes to operate, it shall issue and deliver a license to the applicant,
21	which license shall authorize the applicant to engage in the business of
22	pawnbroking.
23	(b) The director is entitled to request evidence of compliance with
24	the requirements of this section by the licensee, including any affiliate
25	or person described in subsection (a), at:
26	(1) the time of issuance of the license;
27	(2) the time of renewal of the license; or
28	(3) any other time considered necessary by the director.
29	A license shall remain in effect until it is surrendered, revoked, or
30	suspended. If the department denies the application, it shall notify the
31	applicant of the denial and return the sum paid by the applicant as a
32	license fee. The department may hold a public hearing if the
33	department considers the hearing necessary.
34	(b) (c) The department may deny an application under this section
35	if the director determines that the application was submitted for the
36	benefit of, or on behalf of, a person who does not qualify for a license.
37	SECTION 51. IC 28-7-5-10.1, AS ADDED BY P.L.217-2007,
38	SECTION 69, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
39	JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 10.1. (a) A licensee that decides to cease engaging
40	in business as a pawnbroker in Indiana shall do the following not later

than thirty (30) days before closing the licensee's pawnbroking



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business:

1	(1) Notify the department of:	
2	(A) the licensee's intention to cease engaging in business as a	
3	pawnbroker in Indiana; and	
4	(B) the date on which the licensee's pawnbroking business will	
5	cease.	
6	(2) Surrender the license to the department.	
7	(3) Provide the following to all pledgers that have loans	
8	outstanding with the licensee:	
9	(A) Notice of:	
10	(i) the licensee's intention to cease engaging in business as	
11	a pawnbroker in Indiana; and	
12	(ii) the date on which the licensee's pawnbroking business	
13	will cease.	
14	(B) Instructions, approved by the director, on how pledged	
15	articles may be redeemed before the date identified under	
16	clause (A)(ii).	
17	(b) If:	
18	(1) a licensee ceases engaging in business as a pawnbroker in	
19	Indiana without complying with subsection (a); and	
20	(2) the director determines that it is in the public interest that	
21 22	the department oversee the liquidation of the licensee's business;	
23	the director may appoint a liquidating agent to conclude the affairs	
23 24	of the licensee's pawnbroker business in Indiana. The department	
25	may use the proceeds of the licensee's bond under section 5 of this	
26	chapter to pay the expenses of the liquidation.	
27	SECTION 52. IC 28-7-5-10.6, AS ADDED BY P.L.217-2007,	
28	SECTION 70, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE	
29	JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 10.6. (a) This section applies if, after a person has	
30	been issued a license or renewal license under this chapter, any of the	
31	following apply: (1) the licensee any individual described in section	
32	8(a)(2) or 8(a)(3) of this chapter:	
33	(1) is under indictment for a felony involving fraud, deceit, or	
34	misrepresentation under the laws of Indiana or any other	
35	jurisdiction; <b>or</b>	
36	(2) The licensee has been convicted of or pleaded guilty or nolo	
37	contendere to a felony involving fraud, deceit, or	
38	misrepresentation under the laws of Indiana or any other	
39	jurisdiction.	
40	(b) If this section applies, the licensee shall provide to the	
41	department the information required under section 4(b) of this chapter:	
12	(1) not later than thirty (30) days after the licensee or any	



1	individual described in section 8(a)(2) or 8(a)(3) of this
2	chapter:
3	(A) has been put on notice of the indictment; or
4	(B) has been convicted of or pleaded guilty or nolo contendere
5	to the felony;
6	whichever applies; or
7	(2) if the licensee's next license renewal fee under section 11 of
8	this chapter is due before the date described in subdivision (1),
9	along with the licensee's next license renewal fee under section 11
10	of this chapter.
11	SECTION 53. IC 28-7-5-17 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
12	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 17. Each licensee shall
13	file a report as requested by the director, but not more frequently than
14	annually, giving any relevant information the department may
15	reasonably require concerning the business and operations of each
16	licensed place of business conducted by the licensee within the state.
17	The report must be in the form prescribed by the director. The
18	department may impose a fee of five dollars (\$5) per day on any report
19	that is not received when requested. established under IC 28-11-3-5
20	for each day the report is delinquent.
21	SECTION 54. IC 28-7-5-38.1 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
22	CODE AS A <b>NEW</b> SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS
23	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 38.1. If the department
24	determines, after notice and opportunity for hearing, that a person
25	has violated this chapter, the department may, in addition to or
26	instead of all other remedies available under this chapter, impose
27	on the person a civil penalty that does not exceed ten thousand
28	dollars (\$10,000) per violation.
29	SECTION 55. IC 28-7-5-39 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
30	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 39. (a) Records and
31	information generated by licensees in the course of their business are
32	confidential under IC 5-14-3-4.
33	(b) A law enforcement or prosecutorial official may obtain or
34	receive records and information described in subsection (a) relating to
35	pawnbroking transactions for use in the official law enforcement
36	purpose of investigating crime.
37	(c) Law enforcement officials may disclose the name and address of
38	the pawnbroker to an adverse claimant in the case of a dispute over
39	ownership of property in possession of the pawnbroker.
40	(d) A person licensed or required to be licensed under this

chapter is subject to IC 28-1-2-30.5 with respect to any records



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maintained by the person.

1	(e) The director may provide for the release of information
2	under this chapter to representatives of state, federal, or foreign:
3	(1) financial institution; or
4	(2) money services business;
5	supervisory agencies.
6	SECTION 56. IC 28-8-4-20, AS AMENDED BY P.L.57-2006,
7	SECTION 55, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
8	JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 20. (a) A person may not engage in the business
9	of money transmission without a license required by this chapter.
10	(b) An application for a license must be submitted on a form
11	prescribed by the department and must include the information
12	required by the department.
13	(c) An application submitted under this section must indicate
14	whether any individuals described in section 35(b)(2) or 35(b)(3) of
15	this chapter:
16	(1) are, at the time of the application, under indictment for a
17	felony involving fraud, deceit, or misrepresentation under the
18	laws of Indiana or any other jurisdiction; or
19	(2) have been convicted of or pleaded guilty or nolo
20	contendere to a felony involving fraud, deceit, or
21	misrepresentation under the laws of Indiana or any other
22	jurisdiction.
23	(c) (d) The director may request that the applicant provide evidence
24	of compliance with this section at:
25	(1) the time of application;
26	(2) the time of renewal of a license; or
27	(3) any other time considered necessary by the director.
28	(d) (e) For purposes of subsection (c), (d), evidence of compliance
29	may include:
30	(1) criminal background checks, including a national criminal
31	history background check (as defined in IC 10-13-3-12) by the
32	Federal Bureau of Investigation for an individual described in
33	section 35(b)(2) or 35(b)(3) of this chapter;
34	(2) credit histories; and
35	(3) other background checks considered necessary by the director.
36	If the director requests a national criminal history background
37	check under subdivision (1) for an individual described in that
38	subdivision, the director shall require the individual to submit
39	fingerprints to the department or to the state police department, as
40	appropriate, at the time evidence of compliance is requested under
41	subsection (d). The individual to whom the request is made shall

pay any fees or costs associated with the fingerprints and the



1	national criminal history background check. The national criminal
2	history background check may be used by the director to
3	determine the individual's compliance with this section. The
4	director or the department may not release the results of the
5	national criminal history background check to any private entity.
6	SECTION 57. IC 28-8-4-25, AS AMENDED BY P.L.217-2007,
7	SECTION 75, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
8	JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 25. In addition to the items listed in section 24 of
9	this chapter, if an applicant is a corporation, not organized as a sole
10	proprietorship, the applicant must provide the following items and
11	information relating to the applicant's corporate organizational
12	structure:
13	(1) State of incorporation or organization.
14	(2) Date of incorporation or organization.
15	(3) A certificate from the state in which the applicant was
16	incorporated or organized stating that the corporation entity is
17	in good standing.
18	(4) A description of the corporate organizational structure of the
19	applicant, including the following:
20	(A) The identity of the parent of the applicant.
21	(B) The identity of each subsidiary of the applicant.
22	(C) The names of the stock exchanges, if any, in which the
23	applicant, the parent, and the subsidiaries are publicly traded.
24	(5) The:
25	(A) name;
26	(B) business address;
27	(C) residence address; and
28	(D) employment history;
29	for each executive officer, key shareholder, and officer or
30	manager who will be in charge of the applicant's licensed
31	activities: individual described in section 35(b)(2) or 35(b)(3)
32	of this chapter.
33	(6) The:
34	(A) history of material litigation; and
35	(B) the history of criminal indictments, convictions, and guilty
36	or nolo contendere pleas for felonies involving fraud, deceit,
37	or misrepresentation under the laws of Indiana or any other
38	jurisdiction;
39	for each executive officer, key shareholder, and director of the
40	applicant: individual described in section 35(b)(2) or 35(b)(3)
41	of this chapter.
42	(7) Except as provided in subdivision (8) copies of the applicant's



1	audited financial statements for the current year and, if available,	
2	for the preceding two (2) years, including a:	
3	(A) balance sheet;	
4	(B) statement of income or loss;	
5	(C) statement of changes in shareholder equity; and	
6	(D) statement of changes in financial position.	
7	(8) If the applicant is a wholly owned subsidiary of:	
8	(A) a corporation publicly traded in the United States,	
9	financial statements for the current year or the parent	
10	corporation's Form 10K reports filed with the United States	
11	Securities and Exchange Commission for the preceding three	
12	(3) years may be submitted with the applicant's unaudited	
13	financial statements; or	
14	(B) a corporation publicly traded outside the United States,	
15	similar documentation filed with the parent corporation's	
16	non-United States regulator may be submitted with the	
17	applicant's unaudited financial statements.	
18	(9) Copies of filings, if any, made by the applicant with the	
19	United States Securities and Exchange Commission, or with a	
20	similar regulator in a country other than the United States, not	
21	more than one (1) year before the date of filing of the application.	
22	SECTION 58. IC 28-8-4-35, AS AMENDED BY P.L.57-2006,	
23	SECTION 57, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE	
24	JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 35. (a) The director shall begin an investigation	
25	after an application is complete.	
26	(b) The director shall investigate the (1) financial condition and	
27	responsibility, $(2)$ financial and business experience, and $(3)$ character	
28	and general fitness of: <del>an</del>	
29	(1) the applicant and any significant affiliate of the applicant;	
30	(2) each executive officer, director, or manager of the	
31	applicant, or any other individual having a similar status or	
32	performing a similar function for the applicant; and	
33	(3) if known, each controlling person.	
34	(c) The director may conduct an onsite investigation of the	
35	applicant, the reasonable cost of which shall be borne by the applicant.	
36	(d) The director shall issue a license to an applicant authorizing the	
37	applicant to engage in the licensed activities in Indiana for a term	
38	expiring December March 31 of the year in which the license is issued	
39	if the director finds that:	
40	(1) the applicant's business will be conducted honestly, fairly, and	
41	in a manner commanding the confidence and trust of the	



community; and

1	(2) the applicant has fulfilled the requirements imposed by this	
2	chapter.	
3	(e) On Upon application, the director shall determine whether a	
4	particular person qualifies as a controlling person. The director may	
5		
6	person for good cause shown.	
7	(f) If the director finds that:	
8	(1) an applicant does not satisfy the requirements in subsection	
9	(d); or	
10	(2) an application was submitted for the benefit of, or on behalf	
11	of, a person who does not qualify for a license;	
12	the director may deny the application. The director must set forth the	
13	* *	
14	applicant.	
15	SECTION 59. IC 28-8-4-40.6, AS ADDED BY P.L.217-2007,	
16	SECTION 81, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE	
17	JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 40.6. (a) This section applies if, after a person has	
18	been issued a license or renewal license under this chapter, any of the	
19	following apply:	
20	(1) The licensee, or any individual described in section $\frac{25(6)}{6}$ or	
21	$\frac{26(4)}{35(b)(2)}$ or $35(b)(3)$ of this chapter, is under indictment for	
22	a felony involving fraud, deceit, or misrepresentation under the	
23	laws of Indiana or any other jurisdiction.	
24	(2) The licensee, or any individual described in section $\frac{25(6)}{6}$ or	
25	$\frac{26(4)}{35(b)(2)}$ or $35(b)(3)$ of this chapter, has been convicted of	
26	or pleaded guilty or nolo contendere to a felony involving fraud,	
27	deceit, or misrepresentation under the laws of Indiana or any other	
28	jurisdiction.	
29	(b) If this section applies, the licensee shall provide to the	
30	department the information required under section 24(5)(B) or	
31	25(6)(B) or $26(4)(B)$ of this chapter, whichever applies:	
32	(1) not later than thirty (30) days after the licensee or individual	
33	described in section $\frac{25(6)}{6}$ or $\frac{26(4)}{6}$ 35(b)(2) or 35(b)(3) of this	
34	chapter:	
35	(A) has been put on notice of the indictment; or	
36	(B) has been convicted of or pleaded guilty or nolo contendere	
37	to the felony;	
38	whichever applies; or	
39	(2) if the licensee's next license renewal fee under section 37 of	
40	this chapter is due before the date described in subdivision (1),	
41	along with the licensee's next license renewal fee under section 37	
42	of this chapter.	



1	SECTION 60. IC 28-8-4-45.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
2	CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS
3	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 45.5. The following persons are
4	subject to IC 28-1-2-30.5 with respect to any records maintained by
5	the person:
6	(1) A person licensed or required to be licensed under this
7	chapter.
8	(2) An authorized delegate of a person described in
9	subdivision (1).
10	SECTION 61. IC 28-8-4-47, AS AMENDED BY P.L.217-2007,
11	SECTION 82, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
12	JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 47. (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of
13	law, all information or reports obtained by the director from an
14	applicant, a licensee, or an authorized delegate, whether obtained
15	through reports, applications, examination, audits, investigation, or
16	otherwise, including:
17	(1) all information contained in or related to:
18	(A) examination;
19	(B) investigation;
20	(C) operation; or
21	(D) condition;
22	reports prepared by, on behalf of, or for the use of the director; or
23	(2) financial statements, balance sheets, or authorized delegate
24	information;
25	are confidential and may not be disclosed or distributed outside the
26	department by the director or any officer or employee of the
27	department, except as provided in subsection (b).
28	(b) The director may provide for the release of information to
29	representatives of:
30	(1) financial institution and money services business supervisory
31	agencies;
32	(2) law enforcement agencies; or
33	(3) prosecutorial agencies or offices;
34	of a state (as defined in IC 28-2-17-19), the United States, or a foreign
35	country. An agency or office that receives information from the director
36	under this subsection shall maintain the confidentiality of the
37	information as described in IC 28-1-2-30.
38	(c) Nothing in this section shall prohibit the director from releasing
39	to the public a list of persons licensed under this chapter or from
40	releasing aggregated financial data on such licensees.
41	SECTION 62. IC 28-8-5-9 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
42	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 9. As used in this



1	chapter, "person" means an any individual, a sole proprietorship,
2	partnership, an association, a joint stock association, a trust, or a joint
3	venture, limited liability company, corporation, unincorporated
4	organization, or other form of entity, however organized.
5	SECTION 63. IC 28-8-5-11, AS AMENDED BY P.L.217-2007,
6	SECTION 84, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
7	JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 11. (a) A person shall not engage in the business
8	of cashing checks for consideration without first obtaining a license.
9	(b) Each application for a license shall be in writing in such form as
0	the director may prescribe and shall include all of the following:
1	(1) The following information pertaining to the applicant:
2	(A) Name.
3	(B) Residence address.
4	(C) Business address.
.5	(2) The following information pertaining to corporate directors of
.6	the applicant, officers of the applicant, owners of the applicant (if
7	a proprietorship), and partners of the applicant, if applicable: any
.8	individual described in section 12(b)(1) of this chapter:
9	(A) Name.
20	(B) Residence address.
21	(C) Business address.
22	(D) Whether the person:
23	(i) is, at the time of the application, under indictment for a
24	felony involving fraud, deceit, or misrepresentation under
25	the laws of Indiana or any other jurisdiction; or
26	(ii) has been convicted of or pleaded guilty or nolo
27	contendere to a felony involving fraud, deceit, or
28	misrepresentation under the laws of Indiana or any other
29	jurisdiction.
0	(3) The address where the applicant's office or offices will be
31	located. If any business, other than the business of cashing checks
32	under this chapter, will be conducted by the applicant or another
33	person at any of the locations identified under this subdivision,
34	the applicant shall indicate for each location at which another
35	business will be conducted:
66	(A) the nature of the other business;
37	(B) the name under which the other business operates;
8	(C) the address of the principal office of the other business;
19	(D) the name and address of the business's resident agent in
10	Indiana; and
1	(E) any other information that the director may require.
12	(4) Such other data, financial statements, and pertinent



1	information as the director may require.
2	(c) The application shall be filed with a nonrefundable fee fixed by
3	the department under IC 28-11-3-5.
4	SECTION 64. IC 28-8-5-12, AS AMENDED BY P.L.217-2007,
5	SECTION 85, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
6	JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 12. (a) The department shall determine the
7	financial responsibility, business experience, character, and general
8	fitness of the applicant before issuing the license.
9	(b) The department may refuse to issue a license if for any of the
10	following reasons:
11	(1) an applicant who is an individual Any of the following has
12	been convicted of a felony involving fraud, deceit, or
13	misrepresentation under the laws of Indiana or any other
14	jurisdiction: <del>or</del>
15	(A) An executive officer, director, or manager of the
16	applicant, or any other individual having a similar status
17	or performing a similar function for the applicant.
18	(B) Any person directly or indirectly owning of record or
19	owning beneficially at least ten percent (10%) of the
20	outstanding shares of any class of equity security of the
21	applicant.
22	(2) The application was submitted for the benefit of, or on behalf
23	of, a person who does not qualify for a license.
24	(c) The director of the department may request evidence of
25	compliance with this section by the licensee at:
26	(1) the time of application;
27	(2) the time of renewal of the licensee's license; or
28	(3) any other time considered necessary by the director.
29	(d) For purposes of subsection (c), evidence of compliance may
30	include:
31	(1) criminal background checks, including a national criminal
32	history background check (as defined in IC 10-13-3-12) by the
33	Federal Bureau of Investigation for any individual described in
34	subsection (b)(1);
35	(2) credit histories; and
36	(3) other background checks considered necessary by the director.
37	If the director requests a national criminal history background
38	check under subdivision (1) for an individual described in that
39	subdivision, the director shall require the individual to submit
40	fingerprints to the department or to the state police department, as
41	appropriate, at the time evidence of compliance is requested under
12	subsection (c). The individual to whom the request is made shall



1	pay any fees or costs associated with the fingerprints and the	
2	national criminal history background check. The national criminal	
3	history background check may be used by the director to	
4	determine the individual's compliance with this section. The	
5	director or the department may not release the results of the	
6	national criminal history background check to any private entity.	
7	SECTION 65. IC 28-8-5-18 IS AMENDED TO READ AS	
8	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 18. (a) A licensee shall	
9	keep its books, accounts, and records satisfactory to the department for	
10	each transaction for at least three (3) years from the transaction date.	
11	(b) A licensee shall keep its books, accounts, and records separate	
12	from those of any other type of business and in a manner that reflects	
13	the order of the licensee's transactions.	
14	(c) A person licensed or required to be licensed under this	
15	chapter is subject to IC 28-1-2-30.5 with respect to any records	
16	maintained by the person.	
17	SECTION 66. IC 28-10-1-1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.217-2007,	
18	SECTION 88, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE	
19	JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 1. A reference to a federal law or federal	
20	regulation in IC 28 is a reference to the law or regulation in effect	
21	December 31, <del>2006.</del> <b>2007.</b>	
22	SECTION 67. IC 28-11-1-13.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA	
23	CODE AS A <b>NEW</b> SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS	
24	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 13.5. (a) The department may	
25	accept payment of any of the following by credit card, debit card,	
26	charge card, or similar method:	
27	(1) A fee established by the department under IC 28-11-3-5.	
28	(2) A penalty assessed by the department under this title or	
29	IC 24-4.5.	
30	(3) A fee assessed:	
31	(A) in connection with the director's designation of an	
32	automated central licensing system and repository under	
33	IC 24-4.5-3-503(10); and	
34	(B) for:	
35	(i) processing applications and renewals for licenses	
36	under IC 24-4.5-3; or	
37	(ii) performing other services that the director	
38	determines are necessary for the orderly administration	
39	of the department's licensing system under IC 24-4.5-3.	
40	(b) If a fee or penalty described in subsection (a) is paid by	
41	credit card, debit card, charge card, or similar method, the liability	

is not finally discharged until the department receives payment or



1	credit from the institution responsible for making the payment or
2	credit.
3	(c) The department may contract with a bank or credit card
4	vendor for acceptance of bank or credit cards. If there is a vendor
5	transaction charge or discount fee, whether billed to the
6	department or charged directly to the department's account, the
7	department or the bank or credit card vendor may collect from the
8	person using the bank or credit card a uniform fee that is
9	determined by the department.
10	SECTION 68. IC 28-11-2-2 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
11	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 2. (a) The director, with
12	the approval of the members, shall organize the department.
13	(b) The department must consist of at least the following divisions:
14	(1) The division of banks and trust companies.
15	(2) The division of building and loan associations.
16	(3) (2) The division of consumer credit.
17	(4) (3) The division of credit unions.
18	SECTION 69. IC 28-11-3-1 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
19	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 1. (a) The department
20	shall examine the affairs of every financial institution as often as the
21	department considers necessary. Examinations may be made without
22	notice to the institution to be examined.
23	(b) In making an examination, the department may examine any of
24	the officers or agents of the institution under oath.
25	(c) The department may require an independent audit by a certified
26	public accountant, subject to the standards the department determines.
27	(d) The department, in the classification of assets, may disregard the
28	amount of an asset in its analysis of capital adequacy of the financial
29	institution until the amount of the asset is recovered.
30	(e) After the examiners complete the examination of a financial
31	institution, the examiners:
32	(1) shall submit their written findings and recommendations to:
33	(A) the board of directors; and
34	(B) other parties authorized by the board of directors and
35	approved by the director; and
36	(2) may confer with the parties listed in subdivision (1) on the
37	findings and recommendations.
38	(f) Upon the conclusion of an examination, a full, true, and detailed
39	report of the condition of the financial institution shall be made to the
40	department by the examiners in the form prescribed by the department.
41	(g) A financial institution subject to examination by the department

may not cause, by contract or otherwise, any data processing or other



1	similar service to be performed, either on or off its premises, until	
2	written assurances are furnished to the department by the financial	
3	institution and the entity providing the service that the performance of	
4	the service will be subject to regulation and examination by the	
5	department to the same extent as if the service was being performed by	
6	the financial institution on its own premises. Entities that provide data	
7	processing or other similar services to more than one (1) financial	
8	institution need only file one (1) written assurance to cover all financial	
9	institutions to which the entity provides services.	
10	(h) The report of an examination conducted under this section:	
11	(1) is the exclusive property of the department; and	
12	(2) except as provided in subsection (i), shall not be distributed,	
13	published, or duplicated without the prior authorization of the	
14	director.	
15	(i) A financial institution that is or seeks to become a member of	
16	the Federal Home Loan Bank System may provide a copy of a	
17	report of an examination conducted by the department to the	
18	Federal Home Loan Bank for the confidential use of the Federal	
19	Home Loan Bank if the director and the Federal Home Loan Bank	
20	have entered into a written agreement that provides that the report	
21	of the examination:	
22	(1) remains the property of the department; and	
23	(2) is not:	
24	(A) subject to inspection under IC 5-14-3;	
25	(B) subject to subpoena;	
26	(C) subject to discovery; or	
27	(D) admissible in evidence in any civil action.	1
28	(i) (j) Except as provided in subsection (i), a person who	
29	knowingly or intentionally possesses, distributes, publishes, or	
30	duplicates a report of an examination conducted under this section	
31	without the prior authorization of the director commits a Class B	
32	misdemeanor.	
33	SECTION 70. IC 28-11-3-3, AS AMENDED BY P.L.217-2007,	
34	SECTION 97, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE	
35	JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 3. (a) The director or the director's designee	
36	may disclose or make available to a:	
37	(1) state, or federal, or foreign law enforcement agency;	
38	(2) state, or federal, or foreign financial institution supervisory	
39	agency;	
40	(3) state, or federal, or foreign prosecutorial agency;	

(4) state, federal, or foreign money services business



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supervisory agency;

1	(4) (5) private insurer of deposit accounts or share accounts of a
2	financial institution; or
3	(5) (6) state, or federal, or foreign agency responsible for
4	licensing, registering, chartering, or supervising any regulated:
5	(A) business; or
6	(B) nonprofit activity; or
7	(7) the Federal Home Loan Bank;
8	confidential information described under IC 28-1-2-30 or pertaining to
9	a regulated business or nonprofit activity.
10	(b) Confidential information provided by the director or the
11	director's designee under this section is privileged by law, remains
12	the property of the department, and is not:
13	(1) subject to inspection under IC 5-14-3;
14	(2) subject to subpoena;
15	(3) subject to discovery; or
16	(4) admissible in evidence in any civil action.
17	(c) The director may enter into information sharing agreements
18	with parties authorized to received information under this section.
19	SECTION 71. IC 28-11-4-7 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
20	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 7. (a) If the department
21	finds that the conditions specified in section 2 or 3 of this chapter have
22	been established, the department may issue a final order.
23	(b) A final order must include separately stated findings of fact and
24	conclusions of law for all aspects of the order.
25	(c) A final order may do any of the following:
26	(1) Require the financial institution and its directors, officers,
27	employees, and agents to do any of the following:
28	(A) Cease and desist from the practice or violation.
29	(B) Take affirmative action to correct the conditions resulting
30	from the practice or violation.
31	(2) Suspend or prohibit a director, an officer, or an employee from
32	participating in the affairs of a financial institution or subsidiary.
33	(3) Impose a civil penalty not to exceed the amount specified in
34	section 9 of this chapter.
35	(d) A final order shall be issued in writing within ninety (90) days
36	after conclusion of the hearing, unless this period is waived or extended
37	with the written consent of all parties or for good cause shown. A final
38	order issued under this chapter may be made public by the department.
39	(e) If the financial institution, director, or officer does not appear
40	individually or by a duly authorized representative at the hearing, the
41	financial institution, director, or officer is considered to have consented



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to the issuance of a final order.

1	(f) The director may keep a final order confidential if the
2	director determines that the immediate release of the order would
3	endanger:
4	(1) the stability of the financial institution; or
5	(2) the security of depositors' funds.
6	However, after two (2) years after the date of its issuance, a final
7	order is no longer confidential under IC 28-1-2-30.
8	SECTION 72. IC 28-11-4-10 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
9	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 10. The department
0	may enforce an order issued under this chapter any of the following by
1	applying for appropriate relief to a court having jurisdiction:
2	(1) An order issued under this chapter.
3	(2) A written agreement entered into by the department and:
4	(A) a financial institution; or
5	(B) any director, officer, employee, or agent of the
6	financial institution.
7	(3) Any condition imposed in writing by the department on:
3	(A) a financial institution; or
)	(B) any director, officer, employee, or agent of the
)	financial institution;
	in connection with any application, notice, or request
2	concerning the financial institution.
3	SECTION 73. IC 28-11-4-12 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
<b>1</b> -	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 12. (a) The director of
5	the department may exercise the enforcement powers of this chapter
	against an affiliate of a financial institution, or against an officer, a
	director, or an employee of the affiliate, as if the affiliate were a
3	financial institution if the director determines that a practice of the
)	affiliate, or of the officer, director, or employee, could cause either:
)	(1) the financial institution to suffer substantial loss or other
l •	damage; or
2	(2) the interests of the financial institution's depositors to be
3	seriously prejudiced by reason of a violation, practice, or breach
4	of fiduciary duty.
5	(b) In exercising the director's enforcement powers under this
6	chapter against an officer, a director, or an employee of an
7	affiliate, the director may:
8	(1) remove the officer, director, or employee from the person's office, position, or employment;
9 0	(2) prohibit any participation by the officer, director, or
	employee in the conduct of the affairs of any financial
1	employee in the conduct of the aliairs of any ilnancial



institution; or

1	(3) take both of the actions set forth in subdivisions (1) and	
2	(2).	
3	(b) (c) The director of the department may issue and serve upon the	
1	officer, director, or the officer employee of the affiliate a notice of	
5	charges of the practice, violation, or act.	
5	(c) (d) For purposes of this section, affiliate has the meaning set	
7	forth in IC 28-1-18.2.	
3	SECTION 74. IC 28-11-5-4 IS AMENDED TO READ AS	
)	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 4. (a) Upon the	
	acceptance of an application under section 3 of this chapter, the	
	department shall investigate and consider all of the following:	
	(1) The financial standing and character of the incorporators,	
	organizers, directors, principal shareholders, or controlling	
	corporations.	
	(2) The character, qualifications, and experience of the officers	
	and directors of the proposed financial institution.	-
	(3) The future earnings prospects for the proposed financial	
	institution.	
	(4) The adequacy of the financial institution's proposed capital, if	
	the financial institution is to be a bank, trust company, corporate	
	fiduciary, or savings bank.	
	(b) The members of the department may disapprove the application	
	if:	
	(1) any of the factors listed in subsection (a) are determined to be	
	unfavorable;	
	(2) any of the incorporators, directors, principal shareholders, or	_
	officers of the proposed financial institution have been convicted	\
	of a felony under Indiana law, the laws of any other state, or the	
	laws of the United States; or	1
	(3) the applicant has knowingly or intentionally submitted an	
	application under this chapter that contains false information.	
	(c) The applicant shall submit to the department or to the Indiana	
	state police, as appropriate, two (2) sets of fingerprints for each	
	incorporator, director, principal shareholder, and officer, if requested	
	by the department under section 4.5 of this chapter.	
	SECTION 75. IC 28-11-5-4.5 IS AMENDED TO READ AS	
	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 4.5. (a) To provide	
	obtain additional information for the purposes of section 4 of this	
	chapter, the state police department, at the request of the department	
	shall provide fingerprint and background checks on all incorporators,	
	directors, principal shareholders, and officers director may require:	

(1) criminal background checks, including a national criminal



1	history background check (as defined in IC 10-13-3-12) by the	
2	Federal Bureau of Investigation;	
3	(2) credit histories; and	
4	(3) other background checks considered necessary by the	
5	director;	
6	for any incorporator, director, principal shareholder, or officer of	
7	a proposed financial institution.	
8	(b) If a disqualifying record is not identified by the state police	
9	department, the fingerprints submitted under section 4(c) of this	
10	chapter shall be forwarded to the Federal Bureau of Investigation for	1
11	a national criminal history check.	
12	(c) The department shall pay all expenses associated with	
13	investigations performed by the state police department or the Federal	
14	Bureau of Investigation as a result of an application filed under section	
15	3 of this chapter.	
16	(b) If the director requests a national criminal history	4
17	background check under subsection (a) for any individual	•
18	described in subsection (a), the director shall require the individual	
19	to submit fingerprints to the department or to the state police	
20	department, as appropriate. The individual to whom the request is	
21	made shall pay any fees or costs associated with the fingerprints	
22	and the national criminal history background check. A national	
23	criminal history background check conducted under subsection (b)	
24	may be used by the department to:	
25	(1) conduct an investigation under section $4(a)(1)$ or $4(a)(2)$ of	
26	this chapter; or	
27	(2) disapprove an application under section 4(b)(2) of this	
28	chapter.	
29	The director or the department may not release the results of the	
30	national criminal history background check to any private entity.	
31	SECTION 76. IC 28-11-5-10 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA	
32	CODE AS A <b>NEW</b> SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS	
33	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 10. (a) Subject to subsection (g),	
34	a financial institution subject to this chapter may:	
35	(1) be organized as a limited liability company;	
36	(2) convert to a limited liability company; or	
37	(3) merge with or into a limited liability company;	
38	under the laws of Indiana or the United States, including any rules	
39	or regulations adopted or promulgated under the laws of Indiana	
40	or the United States.	
41	(b) A bank organized as a limited liability company is subject to:	



(1) IC 23-18; and

1	(2) this title.
2	If a provision of IC 23-18 conflicts with a provision of this title or
3	with any rule of the department, the provision of this title or the
4	rule the department controls.
5	(c) Any filing required to be made under IC 23-18 shall be made
6	in the same manner as for a bank that is organizing or is organized
7	in stock form.
8	(d) The department may prescribe any requirements for:
9	(1) the articles of organization; and
0	(2) the operating agreement;
1	of a financial institution that is organized and operates as a limited
2	liability company.
13	(e) The department has the exclusive authority under this title
14	to regulate a financial institution organized as a limited liability
5	company. A financial institution that is a limited liability company
6	is subject to the department's authority in the same manner as a
7	bank that is organized in stock form.
8	(f) A financial institution that is a limited liability company is
9	subject to the provisions of this title that apply to banks, except for
0.	the provisions concerning corporate governance (IC 28-13), in the
1	same manner as a financial institution that is organized in stock
2	form, subject to the following:
.3	(1) In the case of a manager managed limited liability
4	company, "director" means a manager of the limited liability
.5	company.
6	(2) In the case of a member managed limited liability
7	company, "director" means a member of the limited liability
8	company.
9	(g) A financial institution may not:
0	(1) organize as;
31	(2) convert to; or
2	(3) merge with or into;
3	a limited liability company without the prior approval of the
4	department under this title.
35	SECTION 77. IC 28-13-4-3 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
36	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 3. (a) A corporation
37	may declare a dividend of so much of the undivided profits of the
38	corporation as is considered expedient by the board of directors.
39	(b) A corporation must obtain the approval of the department for the
10	payment of a dividend if the total of all dividends declared by the

corporation during the calendar year, including the proposed dividend, would exceed the sum of the retained net income for the year to date



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1	combined with its retained net income for the previous two (2) years.
2	(c) As used in subsection (b), "retained net income" means the net
3	income of a specified period, calculated under the consolidated report
4	of income instructions, less the total amount of all dividends declared
5	for the specified period.
6	(d) The department may establish criteria for a corporation to be
7	exempt from the dividend approval requirements of this section. In
8	establishing the criteria, the department shall consider:
9	(1) the corporation's composite uniform financial institutions
10	rating assigned as a result of the corporation's most recent federal
11	or state examination, or in the case of a corporate fiduciary, the
12	corporate fiduciary rating assigned as a result of the corporate
13	fiduciary's most recent state examination;
14	(2) the resulting Tier 1 leverage capital ratio; and
15	(3) the existence of any corrective or supervisory order or
16	agreement.
17	SECTION 78. IC 28-13-10-9 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
18	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 9. (a) As used in this
19	section, "emergency" means:
20	(1) any condition or occurrence that:
21	(A) may interfere physically with the conduct of normal
22	business operations; or
23	(B) poses an imminent or existing threat to the safety or
24	security of persons, property, or both persons and property;
25	at one (1) or more of the offices of a corporation; <del>or</del>
26	(2) any condition or occurrence that:
27	(A) is declared a state of disaster emergency by the
28	governor under IC 10-14-3-12; and
29	(B) applies to an area that includes one (1) or more of the
30	offices of a corporation; or
31	(2) (3) the death of or funeral services for an employee, officer, or
32	director of a corporation or for a former employee, officer, or
33	director of a corporation.
34	(b) A corporation may be closed on any part of a legal holiday by
35	giving reasonable notice to its customers of its intention to be closed in
36	observance of the holiday.
37	(c) Whenever a corporation is to be closed on a day or part of a day
38	other than a legal holiday, the board of directors shall pass a resolution
39	concerning the closing, and give reasonable notice of the closing to the
40	customers of the corporation.
41	(d) The board of directors of a corporation may establish and

observe different banking hours and designate different fixed days, if



any, for closing the principal office and each separate branch office of the corporation.

- (e) Any day designated by the President of the United States or by the governor as a day of mourning, celebration, or other special observance is a legal holiday for corporations.
- (f) Whenever the officers of a corporation believe that an emergency exists or is impending, which affects or may affect one (1) or more of a corporation's offices, the officers have the authority, in the reasonable and proper exercise of their discretion, to determine not to open any one (1) or more of such offices or, if having opened, to close any one (1) or more of such offices during the continuation of the emergency. The office or offices so closed shall remain closed until the time the officers determine that the emergency has ended. However, such office or offices may not remain closed for more than forty-eight (48) consecutive hours on business days, excluding other legal holidays, without requesting the approval of the director of the department of financial institutions.
- (g) A corporation closing an office or offices under subsection (f) shall give prompt notice of its action to the director of the department of financial institutions.
- (h) Any date on which a corporation is closed under this section is a legal holiday with respect to the business affairs of the corporation. No liability or loss of rights of any kind, on the part of any corporation, director, officer, or employee, accrues or results by virtue of any closing authorized by this section.

SECTION 79. IC 28-13-16-6 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 6. (a) The department shall review a financial institution's notice or application to acquire or establish a qualifying or nonqualifying subsidiary to determine:

- (1) whether the proposed activities are legally permissible; and
- (2) whether the proposal endangers the safety or soundness of the financial institution.

The director shall either approve or disapprove the application for a nonqualifying subsidiary within sixty (60) days after the date on which the department receives the application. The period for approval or disapproval of the application may be extended by the department based on a determination that additional information from the financial institution or additional time for analysis is required.

(b) If there will be a change in the scope or nature of the business activity of a qualifying subsidiary of a financial institution, the financial institution shall provide the department with written notice before the change occurs. The department shall







1	notify the requesting financial institution of the department's	
2	receipt of the notice and shall review the notice to determine:	
3	(1) whether the proposed change is legally permissible; and	
4	(2) whether the proposed change endangers the safety or	
5	soundness of the financial institution.	
6	The qualifying subsidiary may exercise or engage in the proposed	
7	activity thirty (30) days after the date on which the department	
8	receives the financial institution's notice, as indicated in the	
9	department's notice of receipt, unless otherwise notified by the	
10	department.	
11	(c) If there will be a change in the scope or nature of the	
12	business activity of a nonqualifying subsidiary of a financial	
13	institution, the financial institution shall submit to the department	
14	an application containing a complete description of the proposed	
15	change. The department shall notify the requesting financial	
16	institution of the department's receipt of the application and shall	
17	review the application to determine:	U
18	(1) whether the proposed change is legally permissible; and	
19	(2) whether the proposed change endangers the safety or	
20	soundness of the financial institution.	
21	The director shall either approve or disapprove the application not	
22	later than sixty (60) days after the date on which the department	
23	receives the application. The period for approval or disapproval of	
24	the application may be extended by the department based on a	
25	determination that additional information from the financial	
26	institution or additional time for analysis is required.	
27	SECTION 80. THE FOLLOWING ARE REPEALED [EFFECTIVE	
28	JULY 1, 2008]: IC 28-1-2-39; IC 28-8-4-22; IC 28-8-4-23;	V
29	IC 28-8-4-26.	



#### COMMITTEE REPORT

Mr. Speaker: Your Committee on Financial Institutions, to which was referred House Bill 1359, has had the same under consideration and begs leave to report the same back to the House with the recommendation that said bill be amended as follows:

Page 6, between lines 4 and 5, begin a new line blocked left and insert.

"A determination by the director under this paragraph must be in writing and shall be delivered to all parties to the transaction. IC 4-21.5-3 applies to a determination made under this paragraph."

Page 6, line 27, delete "creditor's agent" and insert "person acting on behalf of the creditor".

Page 6, line 28, delete "creditor's agent" and insert "person acting on behalf of the creditor".

Page 7, line 24, delete "creditor's agent" and insert "person acting on behalf of the creditor".

Page 7, line 26, delete "creditor's" and insert "person acting on behalf of the creditor".

Page 7, line 27, delete "agent".

Page 7, line 29, delete "creditor's agent" and insert "person acting on behalf of the creditor".

Page 8, line 4, delete "creditor's agent" and insert "**person acting on behalf of the creditor**".

Page 8, line 28, delete "creditor's agent" and insert "person acting on behalf of the creditor".

Page 10, line 19, strike "or".

Page 10, line 20, delete "." and insert ", a joint venture, an unincorporated organization, or any other entity, however organized.".

Page 10, line 24, after "or" reset in roman "an".

Page 10, line 24, delete "any".

Page 10, line 24, after "and" insert "or".

Page 10, line 24, after "and" reset in roman "an".

Page 10, line 25, rest in roman "organization.".

Page 10, line 25, delete "sole proprietorship, partnership, trust, joint venture,".

Page 10, delete lines 26 through 27.

Page 12, line 6, delete "providing property tax forms (IC 24-4.5-3-701),".

Page 12, between lines 10 and 11, begin a new paragraph and insert:











"SECTION 6. IC 24-4.5-3-402, AS AMENDED BY P.L.217-2007, SECTION 8, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 402. (1) This section does not apply to a first lien mortgage transaction.

- (2) Except as provided in IC 24-9-4-3 with respect to a high cost home loan (as defined in IC 24-9-2-8), with respect to a consumer loan, other than one pursuant to a revolving loan account or one on which only loan finance charges are payable prior to the time that the final scheduled payment is due, if any scheduled payment is more than twice as large as the average of earlier scheduled payments, the debtor has the right to refinance the amount of that payment at the time it is due without penalty. The terms of the refinancing shall be no less favorable to the debtor than the terms of the original loan. This section does not apply to the extent that the payment schedule is adjusted to the seasonal or irregular income of the debtor.
- (2) (3) For the purposes of this section, "terms of the refinancing" means:
  - (a) in the case of a fixed-rate consumer loan, the individual payment amounts, the charges as a result of default by the debtor, and the rate of the loan finance charge; and
  - (b) in the case of a variable rate consumer loan, the method used to determine the individual payment amounts, the charges as a result of default by the debtor, the method used to determine the rate of the loan finance charge, the circumstances under which the rate of the loan finance charge may increase, and any limitations on the increase in the rate of the loan finance charge.
- (3) (4) If a consumer loan is made under the authority of the Alternative Mortgage Transaction Parity Act (12 U.S.C. 3802 et seq.), the note evidencing the mortgage must contain a reference to the applicable federal law.".

Page 25, delete lines 22 through 31.

Page 26, line 4, delete "means:" and insert "means an individual consumer, or the individual's legal representative, who obtains or has obtained from the person a financial:

- (1) product; or
- (2) service;

that is to be used primarily for personal, family, or household purposes. The term does not include an affiliate of the person.".

Page 26, delete lines 5 through 12.

Page 32, line 33, after "not" insert "create a substantial likelihood of misleading the public by implying that the person, firm, limited liability company, or corporation is a state or federally chartered









bank or savings bank.".

Page 32, delete lines 34 through 37.

Page 80, between lines 34 and 35, begin a new paragraph and insert: "SECTION 75. IC 28-11-5-10 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 10. (a) Subject to subsection (g), a financial institution subject to this chapter may:

- (1) be organized as a limited liability company;
- (2) convert to a limited liability company;
- (3) merge with or into a limited liability company; under the laws of Indiana or the United States, including any rules or regulations adopted or promulgated under the laws of Indiana or the United States.
  - (b) A bank organized as a limited liability company is subject to:
    - (1) IC 23-18; and
    - (2) this title.

If a provision of IC 23-18 conflicts with a provision of this title or with any rule of the department, the provision of this title or the rule the department controls.

- (c) Any filing required to be made under IC 23-18 shall be made in the same manner as for a bank that is organizing or is organized in stock form.
  - (d) The department may prescribe any requirements for:
    - (1) the articles of organization; and
    - (2) the operating agreement;

of a financial institution that is organized and operates as a limited liability company.

- (e) The department has the exclusive authority under this title to regulate a financial institution organized as a limited liability company. A financial institution that is a limited liability company is subject to the department's authority in the same manner as a bank that is organized in stock form.
- (f) A financial institution that is a limited liability company is subject to the provisions of this title that apply to banks, except for the provisions concerning corporate governance (IC 28-13), in the same manner as a financial institution that is organized in stock form, subject to the following:
  - (1) In the case of a manager managed limited liability company, "director" means a manager of the limited liability company.
  - (2) In the case of a member managed limited liability company, "director" means a member of the limited liability

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company.

- (g) A financial institution may not:
  - (1) organize as;
  - (2) convert to; or
  - (3) merge with or into;
- a limited liability company without the prior approval of the department under this title.".

Renumber all SECTIONS consecutively.

and when so amended that said bill do pass.

(Reference is to HB 1359 as introduced.)

BARDON, Chair

Committee Vote: yeas 8, nays 0.

# **HOUSE MOTION**

Mr. Speaker: I move that House Bill 1359 be amended to read as follows:

Page 78, line 27, delete "If the order is not".

Page 78, delete lines 28 through 31.

(Reference is to HB 1359 as printed January 25, 2008.)

BARDON

#### HOUSE MOTION

Mr. Speaker: I move that House Bill 1359 be amended to read as follows:

Page 75, line 29, after "card a" insert "uniform".

Page 75, line 29, delete "may not exceed the" and insert "is determined by the department.".

Page 75, delete lines 30 through 32.

(Reference is to HB 1359 as printed January 25, 2008.)

**BARDON** 











#### SENATE MOTION

Madam President: I move that Senator Simpson be added as cosponsor of Engrossed House Bill 1359.

**PAUL** 

#### COMMITTEE REPORT

Madam President: The Senate Committee on Insurance and Financial Institutions, to which was referred House Bill No. 1359, has had the same under consideration and begs leave to report the same back to the Senate with the recommendation that said bill be AMENDED as follows:

Page 1, line 1, delete "P.L.218-2007," AND INSERT "HEA 1137-2008, SECTION 9, AND AS AMENDED BY SEA 190-2008, SECTION 17,".

Page 1, line 2, delete "SECTION 1,".

Page 1, line 2, after "IS" insert "CORRECTED AND".

Page 2, line 21, after "required by" insert "or other date provided by".

Page 2, line 31, delete "or" and insert "or".

Page 2, line 32, delete "4-33-4-14." and insert "4-33-4-14, or IC 4-35-4-2.".

Page 3, line 1, delete "12-15-41-15 or IC 12-15-44-19(b)." and insert "12-15-41-15. *or IC* 12-15-44-19(b)."

Page 3, line 3, delete "IC 15-2.1-18-21." and insert "IC 15-2.1-18-21. IC 15-17-10-9.".

Page 3, between lines 33 and 34, begin a new line block indented and insert:

"(31) An emergency rule adopted by the board of the Indiana health informatics corporation under IC 5-31-5-8.".

Page 9, line 35, after "payable" insert "by written agreement".

Page 9, line 35, after "in" insert "more than four (4)".

Page 9, line 35, delete "installments;" and insert "installments (not including a down payment);".

Page 19, line 23, delete "creditor," and insert "creditor".

Page 32, line 11, reset in roman "or".

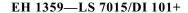
Page 64, line 13, delete "an" and insert "a".

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Page 82, line 9, block left beginning with "a limited".

and when so amended that said bill do pass.

(Reference is to HB 1359 as reprinted January 29, 2008.)

PAUL, Chairperson

Committee Vote: Yeas 8, Nays 0.

### SENATE MOTION

Madam President: I move that Engrossed House Bill 1359 be amended to read as follows:

Page 1, line 2, after "SECTION 9," insert "AS AMENDED BY SEA 156-2008, SECTION 1,".

Page 2, line 10, after "IC 16-19-3-5" insert "or IC 16-41-2-1".

Page 22, line 23, delete "database" and insert "data base".

Page 23, line 12, delete "database" and insert "data base".

Page 78, line 27, delete "director, at the director's discretion, may, for the" and insert "director may keep a final order confidential if the director determines that the immediate release of the order would endanger:

- (1) the stability of the financial institution; or
- (2) the security of depositors' funds.

However, after two (2) years after the date of its issuance, a final order is no longer confidential under IC 28-1-2-30.".

Page 78, delete lines 28 through 30.

Page 81, line 17, after "company;" insert "or".

Renumber all SECTIONS consecutively.

(Reference is to EHB 1359 as printed February 19, 2008.)

PAUL

# SENATE MOTION

Madam President: I move that Engrossed House Bill 1359 be amended to read as follows:

Page 1, line 2, after "SECTION 9," insert "AS AMENDED BY SEA 156-2008, SECTION 1,".

Page 2, line 10, after "IC 16-19-3-5" insert "or IC 16-41-2-1".

EH 1359—LS 7015/DI 101+











Page 5, between lines 17 and 18, begin a new paragraph and insert: "SECTION 2. IC 5-10.3-5-5 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 5. (a) The custodians must be banks or trust companies that are domiciled in the United States and approved by the Indiana department of financial institutions under IC 28-1-2-39 board to:

- (1) act in a fiduciary capacity; and
- (2) manage custodial accounts;

### in Indiana. on behalf of the fund.

- (b) The board is authorized to accept safekeeping receipts for securities held by the custodians. Each custodian must have a combined capital and surplus of at least ten million dollars (\$10,000,000) according to the last published report of condition for the bank or trust company and have physical custody of such securities. The state board of accounts is authorized to rely on safekeeping receipts from the custodian. The custodian may be authorized by the agreement to:
  - (1) hold securities and other investments in the name of the fund, in the name of a nominee of the custodian, or in bearer form;
  - (2) collect and receive income, interest, proceeds of sale, maturities, redemptions, and all other receipts from the securities and other investments;
  - (3) deposit all the receipts collected and received under subdivision (2) in a custodian account or checking account as instructed by the board;
  - (4) reinvest the receipts collected and received under subdivision
  - (2) as directed by the board;
  - (5) maintain accounting records and prepare reports which are required by the board and the state board of accounts; and
  - (6) perform other services for the board as are customary and appropriate for custodians.
- (c) The custodian is responsible for all securities held in the name of its nominee for the fund.

SECTION 3. IC 5-10.4-3-13, AS ADDED BY P.L.2-2006, SECTION 28, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 13. (a) The board may enter into a custodial agreement on terms the board considers in the best interest of the fund with a bank or trust company that is domiciled in the United States and approved by the Indiana department of financial institutions under IC 28-1-2-39 board to:

- (1) act in a fiduciary capacity; and
- (2) manage custodial accounts;

EH 1359—LS 7015/DI 101+



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## in Indiana. on behalf of the fund.

- (b) The agreement described in subsection (a) may authorize the custodian to:
  - (1) hold the fund's securities and other investments in the name of the fund or a nominee, or in bearer form;
  - (2) collect the income and other receipts from the securities and other investments and deposit them subject to the instructions of the board or the board's representative;
  - (3) reinvest the receipts on the direction of the board or the board's representative;
  - (4) maintain accounting records and prepare reports as may be required for use by the fund and the state board of accounts; and
  - (5) perform other services for the board that are appropriate and customary for the custodian.
- (c) The custodian is responsible for all securities held in the name of its nominee for the fund.".

Page 22, line 23, delete "database" and insert "data base".

Page 23, line 12, delete "database" and insert "data base".

Page 81, line 17, after "company;" insert "or".

Page 85, line 9, before "IC 28-8-4-22;" insert "IC 28-1-2-39;".

Renumber all SECTIONS consecutively.

(Reference is to EHB 1359 as printed February 19, 2008.)

**PAUL** 



